

THE BEE

WASHINGTON

VOL. XXIX NO. 35

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY JANUARY 23, 1909

Industrial Education

In the January number of the *Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science* is a well-written article by Dr. Booker T. Washington entitled "Relation of Industrial Education to National Progress." The article should be read by every colored American in this country, and believing that a careful reading and digesting of the article will be beneficial to colored Americans, *The Bee* has decided to publish the entire article in these columns, by sections. The article shows that the late Frederick Douglass conceived the first idea of industrial education for the Negro which has now become an established fact and put into practical operation by that distinguished educator, Dr. Washington.

RELATION OF INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION TO NATIONAL PROGRESS

By Dr. BOOKER T. WASHINGTON,
Principal Tuskegee Institute,
Alabama.

When the history of industrial education in this country comes to be written it will be found that, directly and indirectly, the Negro has had an important part, not only in defining its aims and shaping its methods, but in advertising its importance to the world. The first industrial school of any importance in the United States was Hampton Institute, a school founded for Negroes, at Hampton, Virginia. At the time the school was established, in 1868, the value of industrial education in preparing primitive people for European civilization had already been perceived by certain missionaries in Africa and elsewhere. The idea of introducing it in America, for the purpose of solving the problem which was created by the sudden liberation of nearly 4,000,000 slaves, was first clearly conceived and carried into effect by General Samuel Chapman Armstrong, although this application of the idea was not even at that time entirely new.

In 1853 Frederick Douglass drew up for Harriet Beecher Stowe a plan for an "industrial college, in which shall be taught several important branches of the mechanical arts." In this paper Mr. Douglass said:

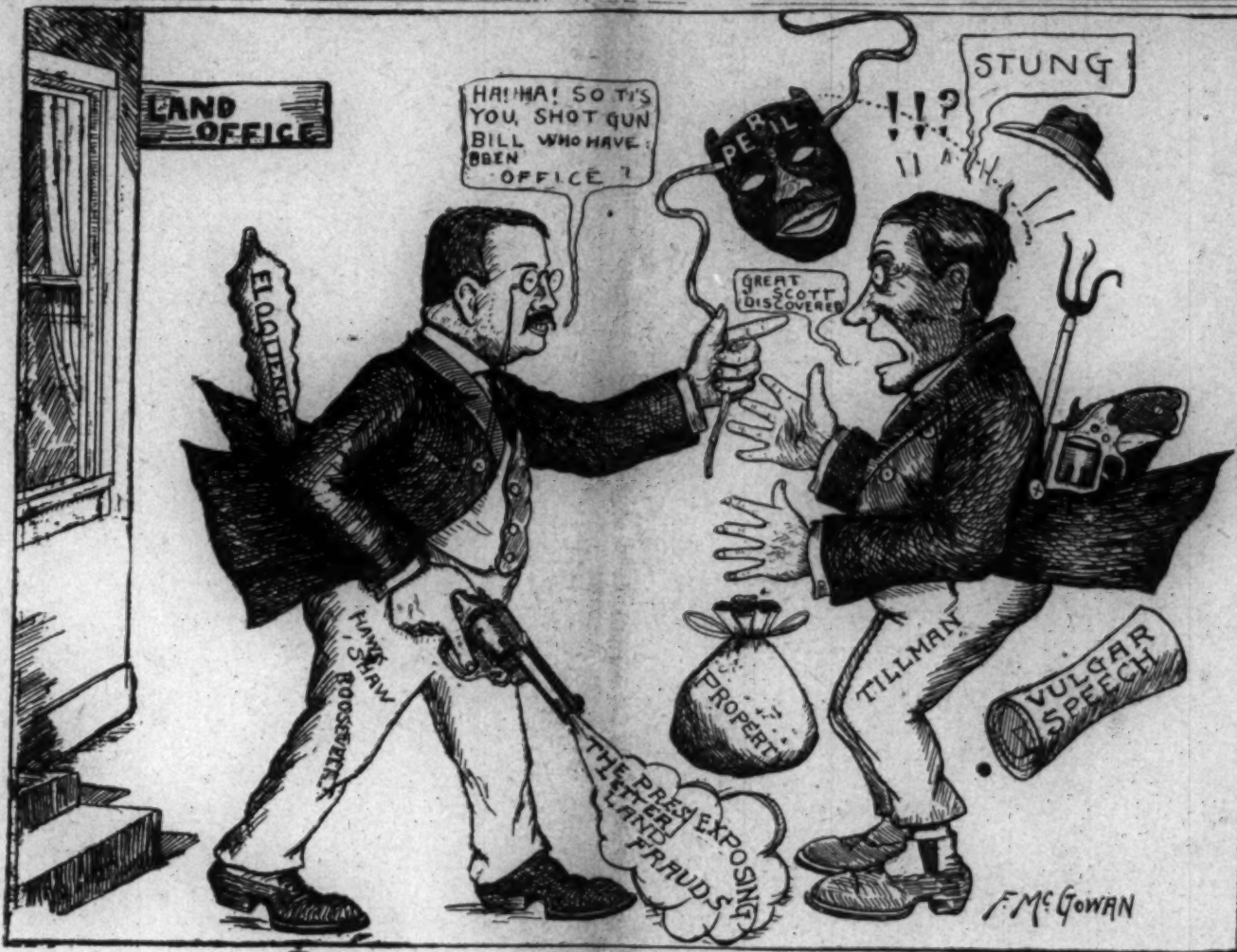
The fact is, that the colored men must learn trades; must find new employments, new modes of usefulness to society; or they must decay under the pressing wants to which their condition is rapidly bringing them.... We must become mechanics; we must build as well as live in houses; we must make as well as use furniture; we must construct bridges as well as pass over them, before we can properly live or be respected by our fellowmen. We need mechanics as well as ministers. We need work-

ers in iron, clay, and leather. We have orators, authors, and other professional men, but these reach only a certain class, and get respect for our race in certain select circles. To live here as we ought, we must fasten ourselves to our countrymen through their every-day cardinal wants.

I mention this statement of Frederick Douglass because it indicates that even before the war which liberated them had made the position of the Freedmen in this country a problem of national importance, the need of industrial education for the masses of his race had been recognized by this great leader of the Negro people.

I will perhaps be able to give a clearer notion of the methods of this school at Hampton and of the significance of its work if I say something about the conditions that existed directly after the war, and the character of the schools that were established for the Freedman at that time. From the very start Hampton Institute has been, in many vital respects, different in its aims as well as in its methods from the other schools for the Freedman then established. I think it is fair to say, for instance, that the first schools and colleges for Negroes were all of them more

(Continued to Page 4.)



ONE ACT COMEDY. THE MAN BEHIND THE MASK WHO WANTED THE LANDS? PLACE, WASHINGTON. TIME, WINTER. BY F. McGOWAN.



DR. BOOKER T. WASHINGTON.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS

Mr. Charles W. Eliot, president of Harvard College, has been elected as president of the Alumni Association of the College.

The announcement has been made that there will be no big regatta on the Potomac this year, under the auspices of the Potomac Boat Club.

A petition from the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, of Macon, Georgia, will be made to President Roosevelt asking him not to kill any animals while traveling through Africa.

A fraud order has been issued against the Goodwear Mackintosh Company, by the Postmaster General, because the way of disposing them, as prizes, is objectionable.

Mr. Simon Wolf, of this city, was one of the speakers at the twenty-first biennial meeting of Council of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations, which met last Tuesday in the city of Philadelphia.

Mr. J. W. Honey, director of Customs for the Transvaal Colony of South Africa, is in the United States for the purpose of studying our system of revenue.

The franking privilege has been granted to Mrs. Benjamini Harrison and Mrs. Grover Cleveland, both widows of former presidents.

Judge Ivory G. Kimball, who spent some time touring the West Indian Islands, returned to his place on the District Bench of the Police Court last Monday, much pleased and benefitted by his trip.

Dr. and Mrs. George W. Cabanis gave a sacred concert at their residence, 1744 K street, last Sunday evening. The concert was well attended and the proceeds are for the benefit of the Anti-Tuberculosis Society of the District of Columbia.

Next Monday is the time set for the departure of Mr. Taft and party for the Panama canal, to inspect the work.

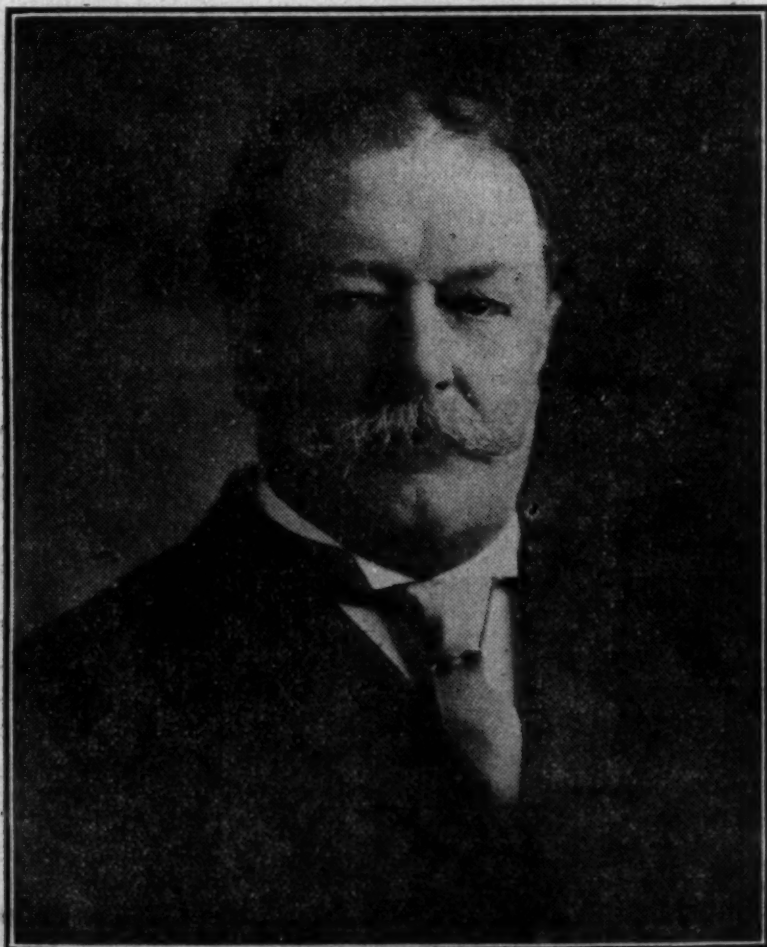
Last week's Atlanta Independent said that Bishop Gaines had joined the Ananias Club and gave reasons for so saying.

Lee Hancock, a prosperous farmer of Kentucky, after several year's trials, succeeded in saving a large number of watermelons until the Christmas holidays when he found a ready sale for his entire stock.

The Shreveport, Louisiana News-Enterprise is warning the people not to be misled by emigration agents passing through that section telling of a land of "corn and wine."

In his message to the Legislature of South Carolina, Governor Ansel complimented the work accomplished by the Colored Normal College at Orangeburg, and recommended that the appropriation mentioned by the

(Continued to Page 8.)



PRESIDENT-ELECT WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT. He Is Sound on the Negro Question.

HON. MARLIN E. OLMSTED.

One of the most popular and leading representatives from the state of Pennsylvania, is Honorable Marlin E. Olmsted, of the eighth congressional district. He is serving his seventh term in Congress, as chairman of the Committee of Elections. He has the reputation of being one of the fairest men in Congress. He is also placed upon some of the most important committees in the House, in which positions Mr. Olmsted never takes the advantage of his opponents.

As chairman of the Committee of the House, on the State of the Union he demonstrates his ability in parliamentary law, and at all times when there are important bills before the House no man guards the interests of the people more than this distinguished statesman.

In his district he has a large colored constituency that has the most implicit confidence in him. The last election was an evidence of the esteem in which Mr. Olmsted is held by his constituents, both white and colored.

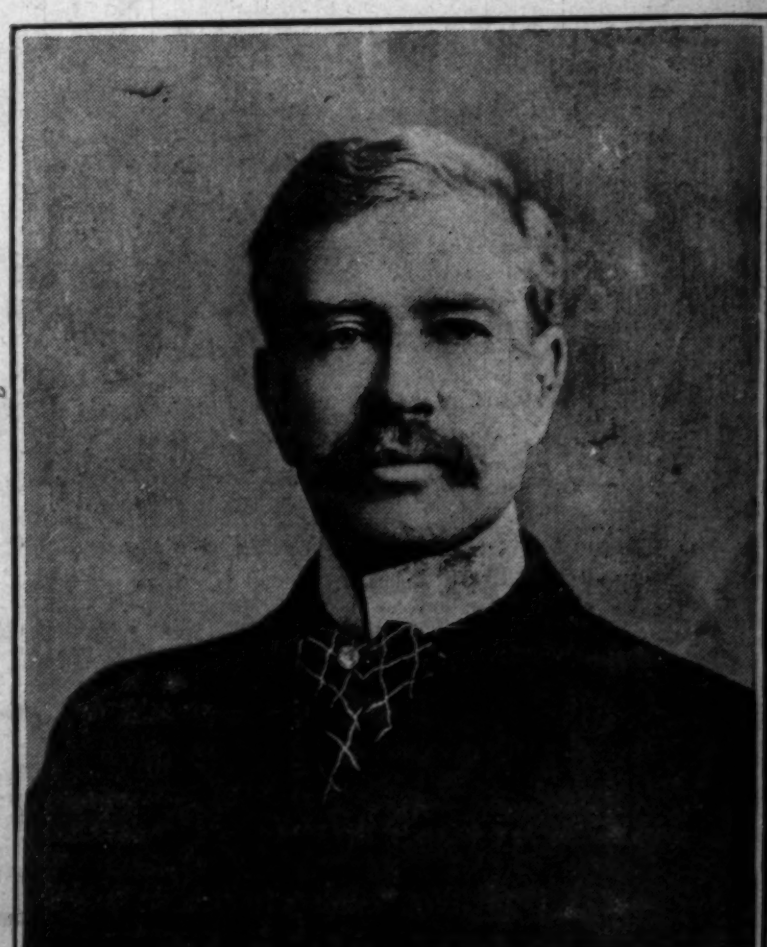
Honorable Marlin Edgar Olmsted is a native Pennsylvanian, having been born in Ulysses Township, Potter County, Pennsylvania. No repre-

sentative stands higher in the estimation of his people than Mr. Olmsted. He is never actuated by malice and neither is he a man who would take advantage of his opponents. In all of his political contests he has always left the result to his constituents. In the last presidential contest he was one of Mr. Taft's strongest supporters. He has been mentioned in many instances as a good successor of Speaker Cannon, not that he is a candidate for the position of Speaker, because he has never aspired for the position. But should the Republicans ever desire a change in the Speakership, no better qualified parliamentarian could be selected.

BANQUET FOR WASHINGTONIAN

From the Afro-American, Balto., Md. Mr. Thomas L. Jones, a prominent lawyer and Pythian was tendered a banquet by local Knights of Pythias, last Wednesday night. The banquet took place at the residence of the Grand Keeper of Records and Seals for the Maryland Jurisdiction, Mr. Josiah L. Diggs, of 2040 Druid Hill Ave.

READ THE BEE.



HON. MARLIN E. OLMSTED

I Love You.

By Marjorie Dawson.

Dolce, grazioso.

1. I've some-thing sweet to tell you; Come near-er, lit-tle
2. Now you will tell me sure-ly What I want to

maid. I'll whis-per it so gen-tly, You need not be a-
know—The an-swer to the ques-tion—You shake your head, . . .

rall.

fraid. 'Tis some-thing I have want-ed These man-y, man-y
"No." Ah! you are on-ly teas-ing; You know you love me

New York.

rall.

years; And you a-lone can give it—My heart, tho', has its ears.
well. Come and kiss me, dar-ling, And I will nev-er tell.

Come to me, my sweet-heart, I've some-thing

sweet to tell; Come and kiss me, dar-ling,

I love you well. well.



Remove the dandruff if you want fine lust-
rous hair. Give your hair a chance
to thrive by using

ED. PINAUD'S (Eau de Quinine) HAIR TONIC

Beautiful women in the world of fashion keep
their hair healthy and beautiful by regular use of
this peerless French preparation.

Try it for yourself—simply send us 10c. (to pay postage
and packing) and we will send you enough for three
applications—Write to-day.

PARFUMERIE ED. PINAUD
ED. PINAUD BLDG. DEPT. M 10 FIFTH AV., NEW YORK

W.B. Reduse CORSETS

The Perfect Corset for Large Women

It places over-developed women on
the same basis as their slender sisters.
It tapers off the bust, flattens the ab-
domen, and absolutely reduces the
hips from 1 to 5 inches. Not a
harshness—not a cumbersome affair,
no torturing straps, but the most
scientific example of corsetry, boned
in such a manner as to give the wearer
absolute freedom of movement.

New W. B. Reduse No. 776. For large
tall women. Made of white coutil. Hose sup-
porters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price \$3.00.

New W. B. Reduse No. 771. Is the same as
No. 776, but is made of light weight white batiste.
Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36.
Price \$3.00.

New W. B. Reduse No. 772. For large
short women. The same as No. 770, except that the
bust is somewhat lower all around. Made of white
coutil, hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36.
Price \$3.00.

New W. B. Reduse No. 773. Is the same as
No. 772, but made of light weight white batiste. Hose
supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price \$3.00.

Ask any dealer anywhere to show you the new W. B. "hip-sinking" models,
which will produce the correct figure for prevailing modes, or any of our numerous styles
which are made in such a variety as to guarantee perfect fit for every type of figure.

From \$1.00 to \$3.00 per pair.
WEINGARTEN BROS., Mfrs. 377-379 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

A YOUNG LION SLAYER.

Boer Farmer Boys Make Good Shots
On the African Veldt.

Three lions were killed near Piet-
ersburg, Transvaal by the nineteen-
year-old son of Jozef Erasmus, a
Boer farmer. It appears that young
Erasmus was on his way to the Mes-
sina mine and had outspanned his
donkey team, when his kaffir boy
came running to tell him that three
lions were tackling the donkeys.
Erasmus seized his gun and ran hard
in the direction indicated. On his
arrival at the spot he found the
lions lying around one of the don-
keys. He fired and killed a big
lioness. The other two jumped up
but he was ready and shot another
(younger) lioness. The young lion
which was left ran behind some
brushwood. Erasmus first collected
his donkeys and brought them into
safety and then once more carefully
searched the scene of the fight.
In order to find out if the two lion-
esses were dead he fired another shot
at one of them. This disturbed the
surviving lion who thereupon came
forth roaring. Erasmus was again
ready and shot him dead on the spot.
Asked by the Volksstem correspond-
ent whether he was alone at the time,
Erasmus replied: "Oh, no,
Oom, I had my little Kaffir boy,
with me."—The skins were sold in
Pietersburg.—Pretoria Volksstem.

Poisonous Brazilian Vipers.

Much is made of the lance-head
viper, "the most deadly of all know
venomous," brought from Brazil to
New York for the purpose of an op-
eration which will give a serum that
is practically extinct. There are
several singularly interesting snakes
in Brazil. The suru cusu is sup-
posed to cause death in six hours. It
is sometimes found nine feet long.
Its skin is a dirty tawny yellow, with
dark brown lozenges on the back. It
is said to be attracted by fire but sol-
diers to injure travellers. The fier-
cest of the lance-headed vipers is the
Jararaca, and it, also, is a dirty yel-
low, but it is brown-black about the
tail.—Boston Herald.

Birds, Fruit, Dead Leaves.

The Moki Indian women of Ari-
zona have an ingenious and roman-
tic form of coiffure. When young
these women coil their tresses at the
sides of their heads, so as to repre-
sent the buds of a native plant. This
signifies that they themselves are in
the flush of youth and of marriage-
able age. When they are married
their hair is arranged to represent
the fruit of the plant; while in ad-
vance their locks hang straggling down
their backs, typical of the withered
stalk of the dead or dying plant.

Answers.

Brides Older Than Bridegrooms.
The vital statistics prepared by
City Clerk Entwistle of Salem shows
that during 1907 there were 479
marriage licenses issued and 306 sol-
emnized in the city, which is 18
fewer than the previous year. The
oldest bridegroom was 68 and the
oldest bride 50, while the youngest
bridegroom was 16 and the youngest
bride 15. Seventy-one brides were
older than the bridegrooms.—Boston
Transcript.

Vegetable Milk.

"Vegetable milk" is used in Japan.
It is made from the soja bean. The
liquid is exactly like cow's milk in
appearance, and in taste can hardly
be distinguished from it. To make
it the beans are first soaked and
then boiled in water. Some sugar
and phosphate potassium are added,
and it is boiled down till it has the
consistency of condensed milk.

Valuable Relics.

At an auction sale at Christie's
in London of the late Marchioness of
Conyngham's art collection a silver
ewer and dish, weighing together 90
ounces, a gift of George IV to an
ancestor of the Marchioness, sold for
\$21,000.

A Venerable Turtle.

A Massachusetts boy, Nathan
Sampson, has found a venerable tur-
tle which bears markings made by
his grandfather, now 81 years old,
which were put on in 1840, and by
his great-grandfather, who marked
the same turtle in 1816.

Slightly Mixed.

The story is now going the rounds
of the country papers about a man
who visited the paying-teller's win-
dow in a bank and asked for one of
the new coins with "God Bless Our
Home" left off.

A Healthful Occupation.

Bull fighters receive \$417 per
hour, and the occupation is so health-
ful that unless killed by accident its
followers invariably reach a green
old age.

Newspapers in Persia.

Persian newspapers are reproduced
from handwriting by lithography,
no types being used.

Vienas Beggars.

Vienas has 32,000 street beggars,
and many of them make a better liv-
ing than workmen.

It has been estimated that a Lon-
don fog weighs 2,000,000,000 tons.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN
and district to ride and exhibit a
making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship
to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit in advance, freight, and
put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to
keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and you will not be out one cent.

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles; it is possible to make
at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save \$20
than any other factory. We are satisfied with \$20.00 profit above factory cost.
BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at
your price until you receive our catalogue and learn our unheard of factory
prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and
study our superb models at the wonderfully
low prices we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money
than any other factory. We are satisfied with \$20.00 profit above factory cost.
BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at
your price until you receive our catalogue and learn our unheard of factory
prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but
usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out
promptly at prices ranging from \$3 to \$5 or \$10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.
single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and
equipment of all kinds at half the usual retail prices.

COASTER-BRAKES.

\$5.00 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF \$4.80
8 SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR \$4.80
The regular retail price of these tires is
\$5.50 per pair, but to introduce we will
sell you a sample pair for \$4.80 with order \$4.50.

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES
NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the
air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year.
Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively
and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with
a special quality of rubber, which never becomes
porous and which closes up small punctures without allow-
ing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satis-
fied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped
up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than
an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given
by several layers of this, specially prepared fabric on the
tread. The regular price of these tires is \$5.50 per pair, but for
advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to
the rider of only \$4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on
approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.
We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price \$4.56 per pair) if you
send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. We will also send one
nickel plated brass hand pump. Tires to be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are
not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a
bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster,
wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We
know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order.
We want you to send us a trial order at once, because this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of
Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at
the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our Big Tire and Safety Catalogue which
describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.
But write us a postal today. **DO NOT THINK OF BUYING A BICYCLE**
DO NOT WAIT or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful
offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

YOU WILL BE PROUD OF A KENYON OVERCOAT

because it never loses its shape until you
need a new one. Style and Fit—as well
as wearing quality—are never lacking
in Coats that bear the Kenyon
label. They are the kind of
Overcoats that not only
feel comfortable and
cozy—but
look
right all the
time.

**Kenyon
OVERCOATS**
It's the Way They're Made
Kenyon
Overcoats
are made in a
factory—not a
sweatshop—where the
art of coat-making has
reached perfection. Only
tested fabrics are used, and every
part is carefully made by an expert
workman. Ask your dealer.
C. KENYON CO., 21 BROADWAY
NEW YORK CITY

COUNTERFEITERS' NEW SCHEME

How the Smooth Demonstrator Gets His Victim's Coin.

"One of the latest schemes of the counterfeit money swindlers is to show gullible people a machine with which they can print for themselves large size bills, imitative of Government currency," said Capt. S. F. Rhodes, formerly of the secret service. "This money producing machine has a smooth demonstrator who will, after getting a prospective victim interested, turn the crank and grind out a \$20 note, which, it is needless to say, is genuine. The victim shows the bill to a bank cashier, and hears it pronounced good, and his mercenary nature being aroused, he sees visions of gigantic wealth, and hands over to Mr. Sharp \$500, or at least \$250, for the instrument that is going to make him a Rockefeller. It is needless to say that the subsequent specimens turned out are such miserable imitations that they would hardly fool a blind man, but the ignoramus is in a place where he can't make a roar for his lost money."

The Swaying Skyscraper.

Through the chance of perfect adjustment in the way of balance, of a row of large photographs that hang on a wall in an office building down town the clerks in the place have a good deal of quiet amusement with persons who visit the place for the first time. Owing to this balance the pictures are easily swayed by the wind that blows through the open windows and since the office force goes in for fresh air the year round the pictures are never still. The joke lies in catching the horrified expression on the faces of the callers when they get a sight of the swinging frames. Then it is always explained with due solemnity, if the boss is not around that the swaying of the frames is due to the oscillation of the structure. It usually takes some time for the object of the joke to see the point. Meanwhile he has suffered a considerable shock.—N. Y. World.

Odd South American Animals.

Many curious animals haunt the marshy parts of South America north of the pampas. Frogs big and ferocious, given to making vicious springs when closely approached; the capybara, a cavy "contented with the bulk of a sheep"; the huge capybara and the swarthy piglike tapir are frequently seen. Along the forest margins troops of peccaries are often met with, occasionally the jaguar sometimes the puma, likewise that toothless curiosity, the great ant bear, long in claw, long nosed and remarkably long tongued. A familiar object is the great jabiru, a stork with a preference for the desolate lagoons, where it may often be observed statuesque on one leg and wrapped in prospect.—Scotsman.

The Ginkgo Tree.

Studies by Miss M. C. Stopes of the fossil flora of Scotland have shown that the ginkgo or maidenhair tree, a native of Japan and China, which is cultivated in Europe and this country on account of its remarkable foliage, belongs to an extremely ancient family, of which it is now, apparently, the last surviving representative. At one time it seems to have been widely spread. A singular fact is that the fossil specimens of the ginkgo, found in the rock beds of the Inferior Oolite series, at Broom, Scotland, are so similar to the living trees that at first sight no difference is apparent. Only an examination of the structure of the cells reveals a variation.—Youth's Companion.

For Pressing Plaited Skirts.

Plaited skirts which have been washed are difficult to press. Time and expense may be saved by having the work done after the following method, which is for woollen skirts especially: Before the skirt has become badly creased or rumpled run a basting thread, using short, even stitches, down the entire length of each crease which marks the folds of the plait. By this means, after the skirt has been washed, the proper location of each least can readily be determined, and the pressing done successfully.

Balsac in Church Pew.

The woman who had left a volume of Balsac in the church pew on prayer meeting night felt a little bit ashamed when she asked for the book, but the sexton assured her she need not feel that way. "Many things are left in the church," he said, "and some of them are a whole lot less respectable than Balsac. After each service the pews yield a strange grist of forgotten or discarded articles."

A Clever Bear.

A noted ethnologist observed in Vienna a bear deliberately making with his paw, a current in some water which was close to the bars of his cage so as to draw a piece of floating bread within his reach. These actions of the bear could hardly be attributed to instinct or inherited habit, as they would be of little use to an animal in a state of nature.

Quill Toothpicks.

The largest quill toothpick factory in the world is near Paris, where there is an annual product of 20,000,000 quills. The factory was started to make quill pens, but when these went out of general use it was converted into a toothpick mill.

KINK.

A Beautiful Hair Dressing and Tonic for the Hair!

Read what Madam Robinson, the Famous Black Patti, Queen of the Opera, says of Kink-in

PROF. ROBERTS, New York City, Dear Sir: I have used your Kink-in for the past year and my hair is growing very fast. I find it the most delightful hair dressing and tonic I have ever used, altogether different from the many cheap pomades and vases on the market. It makes my hair so beautiful, soft, silky, and has entirely removed all dandruff and stopped it from falling out and breaking off. And enables me to do it up in any of the many styles that I use on the stage. It does all you claim for it, and I would not be without it. Yours sincerely, MRS. ROBINSON.

Kink-in Hair Dressing is a delightful perfumed tonic prepared largely for the use of colored people; is guaranteed to be absolutely safe and harmless. It makes harsh, stubborn, kinky, curly hair soft, silky and glossy, enables you to comb it with ease and to dress it in any style that you may wish.

MADAM ROBINSON

KINK-INE HAIR DRESSING by supplying the needed oils directly to the roots of the hair tones up and nourishes the scalp, increasing the growth and giving new life and vigor to the hair. KINK-INE HAIR DRESSING is for sale at all druggists for 35c per bottle. If your druggist does not keep it have him order it for you; he can get it. If not, send me 50c, and I will send same to you, prepaid.

FREE OFFER

SPECIAL OFFER.—To prove the quality and superiority of our goods over all others, we will sell one full-size bottle of Kink-in, price 35 cents, one cake of Kink-in Soap, the best shampoo and Toilet Soap in the world, price 25 cents, both for only 50 cents, or six bottles and six cakes of soap for \$3.00. Special offer good only at the following stores:

Henry Evans, 928 F street north. F. A. Tschiffely, 485 Pennsylv. William H. Davis, 2001 Eleventh street northwest.

R. Ballinger, Prop 343 W 14th St New York City



Go to HOLMES' HOTEL, No. 333 Virginia Ave., S.W.

Rest Afro-American Accommodation in the District.

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN.

Good Rooms and Lodging, 50c, 75c, and \$1.00. Comfortably Heated by Steam. Give us a Call

James Otway Holmes, Prop. Washington, D. C. Main Phone 2318.



THE BEE AND McCALL'S GREAT FASHION MAGAZINE for one year for \$2.00. COUPON.

Editor Bee:—Find enclosed two dollars. Send to my address below The Bee and McCall's Fashion Magazine for one year.

No. Street. Town or City.

BUY THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE



Before You Purchase Any Other Write THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY ORANGE, MASS. Many Sewing Machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the "New Home" is made with our guarantee never runs out. We make Sewing Machines to suit all conditions of the trade. The "New Home" stands at the head of all high-grade family sewing machines. Sold by authorized dealers only.

Colored Skin Made Lighter.

For centuries scientific men have been trying to make dark skin lighter colored, not by artificial whitening, but in a natural way. At last the Chemical Wonder Co., of New York, has discovered Complexion Wonder, which does bring a lighter natural color every time it is applied. The effect is not artificial. The lighter color is natural. The effect on the colored countenance is magical. The price of Complexion Wonder is 50c. The Chemical Wonder Co. has another preparation which is indispensable for colored people, as well as white people. It is called Odor Wonder, a toilet preparation which prevents perspiration odor and encircles the body with perfumed daintiness. It will make anyone physically welcome in society or business circles. Our men customers secure better positions in banks, clubs, or business houses. Our women customers advance faster in life. Price of Odor Wonder, \$1.00.

Our Wonder Comb will straighten any hair. A heavy comb, magneto-metallic. Will last a life-time—50c. Don't fail to order one. Wonder Grow fertilizes the scalp; supplies nourishment which makes hair grow lengthy; gives the scalp strength which prevent the hair from falling—50c.

Wonder Uncurl—This preparation uncurls knots and kinks and makes the hair pliable, so as to dress well—50c. We promise that our specialties will do more to advance colored people socially and commercially than showy garments or gew-gaw jewelry.

Delivery free. Applications for agency considered. M. B. Berger & Co., 2 Rector Street, New York City, selling agents for Chemical Wonder Company.

Ross & Munday, 100 20th St., Washington, D. C. Board & McGuire, 14th St., Washington, D. C.

ME-LANGE



Never fails; nothing like it for hair that is not naturally straight. Price, 25 and 50 cents a box. For sale by the following druggists: Board & McGuire, 1912 1-2 Fourteenth street northwest; Julius Mayer, Fourth and N streets northwest; L. H. Harris, Third and F streets southwest; A. F. Pride, Twenty-eighth and P streets, Georgetown, D. C.

FRANK E. WHITE MFG. CO., East Orange, N. J. Box 107, Goods mailed on receipt of price.



The Old Reliable Remedy.

For twenty-five long years—a quarter of a century—there has never been a remedy equal to Elixir Babek for Malaria and such miasmatic diseases. Thousands have used it with most gratifying results. Malaria is prevalent now. Do not wait for it to take hold of you. Begin the use of Babek now. 50c Bottles. Your druggist will tell you that Babek is the best thing he sells.

For MALARIA, CHILLS, and FEVER

If you are unable to secure Babek in your vicinity write to Kloczew Street, Washington, D. C.

Edward E. Thomas.

Edward P. Lynch.

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS

WM. T. NEWMAN & CO., Undertakers and Embalmers, 510 O Street Northwest. Prices Moderate. Carriages for All Occasions.

The Wm. F. Newman & Co. wishes to announce to the public and its friends that they have opened a modern Funeral Parlor at the above address, and are prepared to render nothing but up-to-date service at "Moderate Prices." We solicit your patronage and, thanking you for your former patronage,

We are yours, WM. T. NEWMAN & CO., Undertakers and Embalmers. Wm. T. Newman, formerly of Georgetown, D. C.

J H. Winslow

UNDERTAKER AND PRACTICAL EMBALMER. ALL WORK FIRST CLASS. TERMS MOST REASONABLE. TWELFTH AND R STREETS, N. W.

J H DABNEY

FUNERAL DIRECTOR. Hiring, Livery and Sale Stable. Carriages hired for funerals, parties, balls, receptions, etc. Horses and carriages kept in first-class style. Satisfaction guaranteed. Business at 1132 Third street northwest. Main office branch at 222 More street, Alexandria, Va. Telephone for Office, Main 1727. Telephone call for Stable, Main 1428-5. OUR STABLES IN FREEMAN'S ALLEY. Where I can accommodate 50 Horses. Call and inspect our new and modern stable. J. H. DABNEY, Prop., 1132 Third Street N. W.

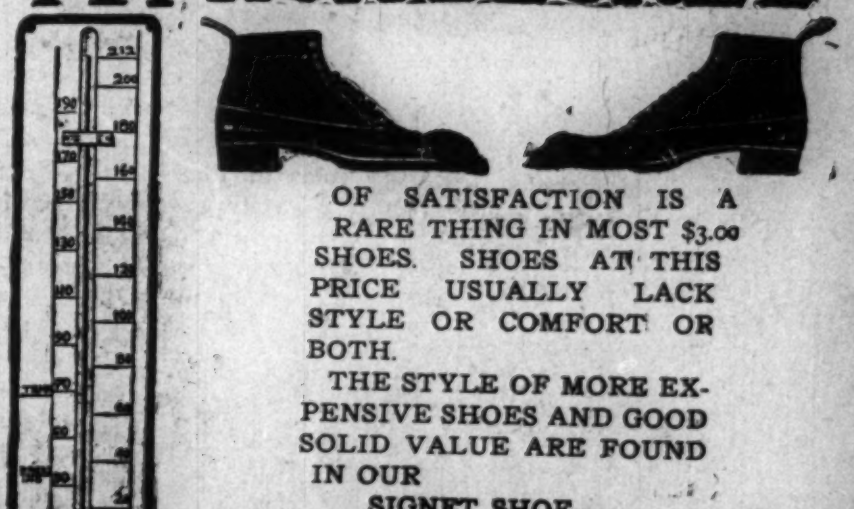
W. Sidney Pittman Architect

RENDERING IN MONOTONE, WATER COLOR AND PEN & INK. PATENT DRAWINGS DRAFTING, DETAILING, TRACING BLUE PRINTING. STEEL CONSTRUCTION A SPECIALTY. Phone: Main 6059—M. Office 494 Louisiana Ave., N.W.

Wm. Cannon,

1225 and, 1227 7th Street, N. W. OLE DISTRIBUTOR OF OLD PUR SIM WHISKEY

A HIGH DEGREE



OF SATISFACTION IS A RARE THING IN MOST \$3.00 SHOES. SHOES AT THIS PRICE USUALLY LACK STYLE OR COMFORT OR BOTH. THE STYLE OF MORE EXPENSIVE SHOES AND GOOD SOLID VALUE ARE FOUND IN OUR SIGNET SHOE because of the exceptional attention bestowed on the making. The only cheapness in it anywhere is the price. A Goodyear-welted shoe, made on several of the season's handsomest lasts, in the most popular leathers. Looks first rate every time. It's worth your while to look the Signet over, even if you're not ready to buy. Always welcome.

Wm. Moreland, 491 Penna Ave

HOLTMAN'S OLD STAND. SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT

THE BEE

PUBLISHED
AT

1109 Eye St., N. W., Washington,
D. C.

W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

Entered at the Post Office at Wash-
ington, D. C., as second-class
mail matter.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy per year in advance..\$2.00
Six months..... 1.00
Three months..... .50
Subscription monthly..... .20

REGISTER VERNON AND THE ASSASSINS.

Apropos the editorial in The Bee of last week regarding the desire of one element of high officials to destroy another this paper seems to have spoken almost with the voice of prophecy, since the past week brought exchanges to our desk containing insidious attacks upon a prominent official.

This official is Register Vernon who for months has been relentlessly pursued by a set of jealous political vampires who know no rest day or night when filled with rage at men who are incapable of indorsing their littleness. The hounding of a man who holds the ranking office given to the race has been most disappointing to those who believe in decency and The Bee will uncover them that the world may know the truth.

First, they tried to make him an anti-administration man but he did so much for President-elect Taft before and after the convention that they subsided on this score. But they filled the streets with their mouthings until the campaign opened. They said he would not be in the campaign and yet he was for weeks under the direction of the national committee speaking from New England to Colorado—this he did while others were walking up and down Pennsylvania avenue doing nothing.

The campaign over and the same low, contemptible conduct goes on, misrepresentation and deceit to which the register apparently pays no attention. The Bee, however, responds to the request of many who know this gang and know their methods, to let the world know the truth. The people admire Register Vernon. He is an able man and has made good in his position. His addresses cover a wide range of thought. His latest utterances at the local Business League where he endorsed this great work is meeting with favorable comment all over the city. He was the only high official who found time to assist President Pittman in the effort he is making to build up a strong local League.

The Bee desires to call attention to the latest turn the fight has taken—the sending out of matter to the newspapers to discredit the Register. This paper has received anonymous letters and similar communications and knows who is behind this entire fight. First comes a report that Register Vernon will resign soon and return to his school, etc. This is a deliberate falsehood and the author knows it. Second, on the heels of a plea for harmony comes the report that Register Vernon is opposing a fellow office-holder for reappointment. People around Washington laugh at such talk—so silly. But the serious side is that those not knowing would think him the aggressor, but we all know that he is being fought and is doing nothing against any of these men. 'Tis done to make

enemies for Mr. Vernon. Why should he bother about their jobs? Does he not hold the highest place? His name is on the currency of the greatest government in the world. Another story sent out as to the so-called statements of a young man just from Kansas, is to the effect that Mr. Vernon has little strength in Kansas. The Bee finds that no young colored man has just come from Kansas. That falsehood was patched up and sent out from here.

The newspapers mean well, they are simply imposed upon by an untruthful Washington correspondent, whom the people of Washington neither respect or believe.

Mr. Vernon's term is not nearly out and when he takes his second term, which he can get, and we trust he will accept, such stories will certainly end—let us hope.

As to his political influence, some others would be glad if they had it. Backed by the great African Methodist Episcopal Church; enjoying the friendship of its Bishops who with him so heartily supported President-elect Taft; we wager his church will see these tricksters when they accomplish their nefarious schemes;... enough for this.

Again the article accuses Mr. Vernon of opposing his assistant with whom his relations are most cordial. The object again is to destroy his popularity. 'Tis a deep laid scheme and we expose it now that all lovers of decency may understand. May the honest, fair citizens of Washington and the country know the truth. We trust men like Dr. Washington, the Bishops of the African Methodist Episcopal Church and others understand these treacherous men.

The Bee knows who is at the bottom of it all and if this does not cease names will be called and reasons will be given. We shall regret to go further. We hope for the sake of decency and right that this contemptible misrepresentation and low cunning will cease. The race demands it. Enough is enough.

...MR. TAFT'S SPEECH...

The address of President-elect Taft to the colored citizens of Atlanta, Georgia, should be food for thought for them. Colored Americans must come to the conclusion that they must be up and doing if they wish to be recognized factors in the American body politic.

Mr. Taft is sincere. He doesn't mean by that speech that he has deserted the colored man and neither does he mean that he has or will surrender to the prejudices of the South. He means that good citizens will be appointed to positions regardless of the color of their skin. They must not only be good citizens, but they must be qualified to fill the positions for which they apply, and be recommended by the best citizens of the place in which they live.

Mr. Taft has given out that he will be the president of all the people, regardless of nationality or politics. The Bee has the most implicit confidence in the honesty and integrity of Mr. Taft and his high appreciation of colored Americans.

What is the colored man south doing to commend himself to administration powers?

What is he doing to make himself a factor?

He should know that seeking an office without the necessary qualifications tends to degrade rather than elevate him. Politics should be an incident and not the direct object of his citizenship.

In this connection, the propaganda of Dr. Booker T. Washington and Dr. James E. Shepard, of Durham, North Carolina, is the Non Nobis Solum.

These two educators have no selfish motives. Their propaganda is for their people. There has been too much selfishness

and personal aggrandizement among many of the so-called representatives of the colored people which have been the cause of the set back to colored Americans.

The Bee is still of the opinion that Mr. Taft means to do his duty as he sees it. He will enforce the Constitution as he sees, and construes it. If Mr. Taft's declarations mean any thing, they mean that the color line will find no quarters under his administration.

He means also that colored men, white men, and all other kinds of men must be qualified and competent to hold office. The color of a man's skin will be no passport for his appointment to office. Mr. Taft's ancestry knew no man by the color of skin.

This is the record and the character of the President-elect today. If Mr. Taft is able to convince the South that obedience to the laws of the United States will promote the citizens of that section, why not endorse his policy? His speech should be well digested before we come to a prejudiced conclusion.

A SOCIAL ROW.

Just as The Bee predicted, that there would be a social row for the social leadership. Dr. Bruce Evans, of the Inaugural Welcome Club announced some time ago that the citizens of Washington would meet and suggest plans for the entertainment of visitors during the week of the inauguration, and the moment that he committed this grave offence an effort would be made to off set his plans by the establishment of another social organization. Why have two receptions is the question that is being asked. Why resurrect the Monacan Club?

Four years ago there were three distinct social public functions, namely, the Monacan Club, the Inaugural Welcome Club and the Native Washingtonians.

From the report elsewhere in The Bee, the split was precipitated by the nomination of Mr. James A. Cobb by Mr. Robert H. Terrell, who is charged with having attempted to control the Mu-So-Lit Club. Just how much truth there is to this charge The Bee is unable to state. But it is a fact, however, that certain members of the Mu-So-Lit Club have withdrawn and joined the Monacan Club.

What the out come will be time will tell.

NEGRO BUSINESS LEAGUE

The local Negro Business League is a fixture in this city. Mr. W. Sidney Pittman is endeavoring to organize the Negro Business Men into an organization. Every business man in the community should connect himself with this organization.

Heretofore the organization was burdened with people who followed no business whatever. They connected themselves with the organization for personal gain. The organization invites all persons of good character and who are conducting a business in the community.

It is surprising to know the number of business men and women in this city. President Pittman, with the assistance of others, means to have a strong organization.

...TEMPEST IN A TEAPOT...

The only charge that Senator Ben Tillman makes against the president is that he promoted a colored man to a \$1,600 clerkship. It is a "tempest in a teapot," and the president's wife has a messenger on the rolls as a printer. Tillman's charge reminds The Bee of a man under water gasping for breath. In both cases the president is condemned for doing acts of kindness to his fellow man. The charges are too ridiculous to discuss.

INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION
In another column of The Bee

will be seen and read with interest an article by Dr. Booker T. Washington on Industrial Education. The Bee intends to publish the entire article and it suggests that it be read by all intelligent colored Americans. The article contains some good advice and important historical facts. Dr. Washington is not only a speaker, but a writer of profound ability.

CHANCE FOR ANOTHER NEGRO BANDMASTER IN THE ARMY

The War Department announces that Chief Musician George F. Tyrrell, of the band of the 10th Cavalry, now stationed in the Philippines, has been transferred to the band of the 15th Cavalry (white) and ordered with that organization to Fort Meyer, Va., near this city.

This is the first transfer of this kind made under the President's recent order, which looks finally to having colored leaders of the bands for the four colored regiments. As vacancies occur in the position of Chief Musician of white bands, the white leaders of colored bands will be transferred to fill them and colored leaders will be appointed to the colored bands.

In June last, Elbert Williams, formerly bandmaster at Tuskegee Institute, was appointed Chief Musician of the 25th Infantry. A short time ago, Carl Cungi, chief musician of the 9th Cavalry, was retired, and his place, it is understood, has been taken by James A. Thompson, a colored man who has been serving for a long time as assistant leader. With the assignment of a colored chief musician to the vacancy created by the transfer of Chief Tyrrell, the only white leader remaining will be W. O. Thompson, now with the 24th Infantry at Madison Barracks, New York. In all this excellent work, the "fine Italian hand" of Emmett J. Scott appears in glowing colors.

DR. CORROTHERS.

The religious meetings that are held in Galbraith Church, Dr. S. L. Corrothers, pastor, are the largest and best attended that have ever been held in that church. There have never been such crowds attending these services before. Dr. Corrothers has certainly got the people with him. As a religious orator his equal cannot be found. His sermons are effective and convincing to his hearers.

Dr. Corrothers may have his faults, but there is no man in the pulpit who is appreciated by his people, more than this well-known pulpit orator. Galbraith church should keep him as long as possible, or until it is impossible for him to remain.

Ben Tillman threatens the president. It is only a threat. He should clear himself of the charges against him.

Director R. E. Ralph is winning popular praise in the conduct of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Some people will kick their friends while they are going down the hill. A day of retribution will surely come.

Let the pension bill become a law.

The Bee leads and all others follow.

Have The Bee mailed to your address at once.

Everybody should push the teachers pension bill.

Rumor has it that Judge Ankum will succeed Judge Kimball.

Judge Kimball has returned. Evidenced by his presence in the District Police Court.

During the absence of Judge Kimball there was a holiday in the workhouse.

INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

Continued from first page

or less dominated by the notion that they were begun to continue and finish the work that had been incidentally begun by the Civil War. They felt it was their mission to free the slaves. The war had brought these slaves physical freedom; the schools were to give them moral and intellectual freedom. Calhoun had said that if the time ever came when a Negro could master the intricacies of the Greek language he would admit that he had been wrong in his notions about slavery. The schools established directly after the war were eager, apparently, to take up the challenge. They wanted to prove the capacity of the Negro to study and learn everything that the white man had studied and learned.

It had been said of the Negro in slavery that he was intellectually inferior to the white man; that he was unable to learn the things that the white man had learned. Consciously or unconsciously the desire to complete his emancipation, in the way I have indicated, influenced very largely the work of these other schools.

I do not wish to lessen or disparage in any way the importance of the work that was accomplished by these first Negro schools. The work was necessary. I am convinced that the most precious gift that freedom brought to the Negro, the thing that has helped him more than anything to realize that he was actually free, has been the opportunity given him to learn to read. All this, as I have said, was in the direction of emancipating the Negro; it gave him his moral and intellectual freedom; but it did not actually fit him to live in the new world which emancipation had brought him. This important task was first taken up in a practical way by industrial schools.

Let me illustrate a little farther some of the ways in which some of the schools and colleges founded directly after the war failed to prepare their students for the actual life that was before them. It was the idea of the men who founded the Negro colleges directly after the war that it was necessary and important to educate men and women to be the leaders and teachers of their race. No doubt it was important that the men and women who were to be the leaders of the race should have the very highest and best education that it was possible to give them, but there were a great many things, as we can see now, that they might have and should have learned that would have been more valuable than the little smattering of Greek and Latin that they obtained.

For instance, the men who became the political leaders of the race during the reconstruction period needed to know less the languages than they did the political history of Greece, of Rome, and of Europe. In all of these countries there had been slavery, and every state of Europe had, at some time in its history, been compelled to face the social, the political, and the economical problems that grew out of the transition of its laboring class from a condition of slavery, in some form or other, to a condition of freedom. But the Freedmen in the Negro colleges had no opportunity to study these things. They learned the outward form of the Greek and Latin language, but they learned very little of the history that was behind the language and behind the literature which they studied.

The young colored men who entered the colleges right after the war were not prepared to learn these things, even if the colleges had been prepared to teach them. They were not prepared because they knew at that time almost nothing about their own life; almost nothing about the problems which beset them on every hand. Not knowing these things they were not prepared to interpret the history and understand the significance of what they learned regarding other people who had passed through similar periods of transition. More pressing than all else for the masses of the Negro people directly after the war was the need of learning to work as free men for wages.

As I have frequently said in my talks to the masses of my people, the Negro had been worked in slavery for two hundred and fifty years; it was necessary that he should learn to work in freedom. It has taken some time for the masses of the Negro people to learn among other things, the necessity of saving and of

thrift. The idea that these things could be taught directly and specifically in school had occurred to but few people when schools were opened for Negroes.

It is difficult for anyone who has not himself had the experience to understand how strange and new the world into which freedom introduced the Negro was. The reading of books, for instance, opened all at once to him a vast number of new ideas which it was not easy for him to understand, because he could not easily connect them with the ideas with which he had been familiar in his previous life. In this new world everything seemed at first strange and even fantastic, and it was inevitable that the Negro people should for a number of years be compelled to grope about for an experiment. It was necessary to touch things and handle things, in order to learn their relative values. It was inevitable, too, that under such circumstances they should frequently mistake the shadow for the substance; that they should have to learn all over again, in some cases, what things were real and what things were unreal in this world to which they had entered. It is this condition of things which accounts for the many incongruities which you could have observed and may still sometimes observe in the life of the Negro since emancipation. One of the most pathetic sights that I ever saw was a three-hundred-dollar rosewood piano in a little country school in the black belt, where four-fifths of the people own no land and where the majority of them live in rented one-room cabins and mortgage their crops and all their household goods every year for food on which to live from one harvest to another.

All this will illustrate how important it was and is that the Negro boy and girl should be made to feel that they are dealing in school with real things. For instance, the majority of the young men who come to our school at Tuskegee have lived for fourteen or fifteen years of their life in the country districts. Their whole mental horizon has been bounded by the little country community in which they lived. They have been surrounded by a people whose traditions go no farther back than slavery. Their earliest years were spent sitting on the front doorstep holding a baby in their arms while their fathers and mothers, sisters and brothers were working in the field.

(To be Continued) HONORS FOR PRESIDENT SINGLETON

Mr. Walter J. Singleton was installed for the second time on the evening of the 6th as president of the Young Men's Protective League, one of the strongest fraternal organizations in the District. As a testimonial of his efficient services as the official head of the League, Mr. Singleton was presented with a handsome silver-mounted gavel. Sergeant-at-Arms A. L. Jackson made a fitting presentation speech paying a merited tribute to Mr. Singleton as an officer and a man. A group of twenty-six friends then brought forward a magnificent stand of flowers, arranged in the form of a horse-shoe, about four feet high.

Mr. Singleton was nearly taken off his feet with surprise at this evidence of the affection of his comrades and responded with difficulty to the unexpected honors showered upon him. President Singleton's annual report for the year ending December 31, showed the following—which all will agree indicates a financial and general health unusual for a purely beneficial and fraternal body like the Young Men's Protective League:

Total receipts of the year, \$4,124.80; expenditures for the year, \$3,619.09; death claims paid, \$1,798; sick benefits paid, \$1,237.75; received from assessments, \$2,047.50; net gain from assessments, \$249.50; gain for the year, \$505.71; balance on hand, December 31, 1908, \$6,256.35. New members added during the year, 86; dropped, 21; rejected, 2; reinstated, 5; total membership to date, 597. Receipts from excursion, \$247.00. Congratulations from Mr. Singleton's administration are in order.

Read The Bee.

HOTEL MACCO.
When visiting New York City, stop at the Hotel Macco, 213 West 53rd Street, corner Broadway. Steam heated. Telephone, 803, Columbus.

B. F. Thomas, Prop.



Carter, Jr., precentor of St. Luke's parish choir. 9. Soprano solo, Miss Lula Johnson; 10. Cello solo and piano, the Jeter brothers; 11. Piano solo, selected, Mr. Edward Syphax; 12. Piano solo, Miss Europe.

After the rendition of this elaborate and beautiful program, Dr. Fremont Smith was introduced and addressed those present in a very charming and happy vein. Short addresses were also made by Dr. Dumas, chairman of public lectures, Dr. Childs; Dr. Curtiss, ex-surgeon in charge of the Freedmen's Hospital; Dr. Cabaniss, treasurer of the society and also Dr. J. R. Wilder, the president and founder.

Refreshments were served under the supervision of Mr. Charles Brown a well known caterer of this city.

BETHEL LITERARY

A large and appreciative audience was present at the meeting of the Bethel Literary and Historical Association, Tuesday evening to hear Mr. Archibald H. Grimke, on the life of Dunbar. He said in part:

"Some people are born with a silver spoon in their mouth, but Dunbar was born with a song in his heart. Though he lived but thirty-four years, his songs will live on for many years to come, in the hearts of the people of his race. His was a song of life, of love, of faith, where youth and old age sun themselves. Though born in poverty, he saw and heard what others had not seen nor heard.

His secret power was due to genius, which God gives to but a chosen few. Genius demands utterance, artistic expression. His title to rank as a genius was indisputable. Genius is given to but one in a million. It is begotten of God. Though black and poor, he was among the elect of his people.

The speaker then discussed some of the phases leading up to the writing of some of his poems, such as "The Songs," "The Deserted Cabin," "Lovers' Lane."

At the close of the paper, Miss Emma Patterson recited "When Melindy sings" and his song "Honey Child," was rendered by Miss Lola Johnson.

Instrumental selections were given by Miss Erma Welsh and Mr. J. W. Braxton.

The Mu So Lit

A SOCIAL ROW A SPLIT IN THE MU-SO-LIT CLUB

As The Bee predicted some time ago, a social row would certainly exist among the social factions of the city.

At a meeting of the Mu-So-Lit Club a few evenings ago the club decided to have an election of officers. The contest was between Assistant United States Attorney James A. Cobb and Dr. W. Bruce Evans, principal of the Armstrong Normal Training School. The outs were lined against what has been styled the officeholders, who have been predominant factors in the Mu-So-Lit Club.

Mr. Cobb was supposed to have represented the office holders. For some time the antis have been canvassing for votes unbeknown to the literary membership of the organization. On the evening in question both Mr. Cobb and Mr. Evans were nominated respectively for the position of president of the Mu-So-Lit Club. The contest was close and the election of Dr. Evans was declared illegal because he permitted three members of his school to vote who were unfinancial. This charge didn't disturb the Evans followers in the least. Many of the administration faces became disgusted, especially when a motion was made that the Mu-So-Lit Club would give no reception during inauguration week.

The antis were surprised when the administration forces voted for this resolution, because the prime motive of the antis was not to allow the Mu-So-Lit Club to give a social function in opposition to the Inaugural Welcome Club.

It now develops that at least two-thirds of the administration members have withdrawn from the Mu-So-Lit Club and resurrected the Monacan Club which has been dead for eight years. The Monacans have decided to give a select reception to their friends and such other select citizens who may be honored with an invitation.

The seceded members declare that there is too much politics in the Mu-So-Lit Club for social enjoyment; that a social club must eliminate politics.



SOME CANARDS EXPLODED

With the inauguration business at fever heat, the problem of "What Shall the Harvest Be?"—or what shall be done about the federal patronage—has been permitted to rest for a moment. As there is no way to read the mind of Judge Taft, if he has made up his mind at all with reference to the colored brother—which is doubtful—there is nothing to do but "bide a wee and dinna fret." At any rate, some absurd canards are being exploded by the frank manner in which the leading race journals of the country and their national correspondents have discussed the burning question.

In this connection, it may be stated that a close friend of Mr. Charles W. Anderson writes that there is not a scintilla of truth in the circulated story that Mr. Anderson is after the Haitian mission, and that the person who gave out the rumor that to go to Port-au-Prince had been "the dream of his life," possessed an imagination that would make Rider Haggard turn green with envy. As

a matter of fact, says this correspondent, Mr. Anderson has every reason to believe that he will be re-appointed by President Taft upon the expiration of his present commission, and that "Old New Town" is good enough for him to live and die in. Credence can be attached to this, as Manhattan Isle is very much to "Charlie" Anderson's liking and his popularity is such that he need have no fear of his leadership waning.

So, it will be safe to count on four more years at least of Collector Anderson. An intimate friend of Assistant Superintendent Roscoe Conkling Bruce denies that the latter has the slightest intention of quitting his very congenial post—just in the line of his attainments and in an environment where his happiest days have been spent—and that the Haitian mission is far from his thoughts. It is further stated that those who have been industriously circulating such a rumor are anxious to get his place, or imagine they might benefit by a change of administration in the Washington schools.

If Mr. Napier, of Tennessee, has ambitions of a federal aspect, it is said that they do not lie outside of the United States border. It will be remembered that he refused the Bahian consulate some years ago, not caring to leave these shores—nor his beloved South, in the future of which he has abiding faith.

All of this clearing of the brush brings us up to the gratifying fact that there is no likelihood of Dr. Harry W. Furniss' recall from Haiti. His splendid record as a linguist, diplomat and broad-minded statesman has made him a strong figure in the Haitian mind, and has given him an invincible standing with the state department here. He has held aloof from all entanglements, and is now as acceptable to the Simon government as he was to the Nord Alexis regime. It is not to be President Taft's policy to remove a man merely to make a place for another, if the incumbent is doing well. Minister Furniss' permanent post-office address will be the "United States Legation, Port-au-Prince, Haiti."

CARPETS

About Our Credit Booklet

In connection with our present Clearance Sale—an occasion which means an opportunity to buy Homefurnishings of the highest quality at very low prices—we are anxious that you should read our little booklet on credit. It explains why our system of credit is equitable—how we give your credit the greatest buying power—the help and convenience of an open account, which requires no money at the time you buy.

Ask for one at our store, or a request will bring it to you by mail.

PETER GROGAN AND SONS CO.
817-823 7th St.
FURNITURE

A Great Institution

A GREAT GIFT FROM THE NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL AND PROVIDENT ASSOCIATION.

The Bee is in receipt of one of the most unique clocks that has ever been put upon the market. It is a gift from the North Carolina Mutual and Provident Association, of Durham, North Carolina; one of the largest insurance companies in the United States.

The clock is gilded with gold, with a perpetual calendar attached, of the twelve months in the year of 1909. The business of the company is as prosperous and as strong as this handsome clock indicates. The Bee is confident that the association is one that should be supported by the American people. This company does business in fifty-nine cities and counties of North and South Carolina, and no doubt branch offices will be established in this city and many of the Northern and Eastern States.

As an evidence of its strength and reliability, there is on deposit in the state treasury of North Carolina, ten thousand dollars in cold cash. This deposit is a guarantee to the policy holders who may be connected with the company. Any one wishing to see this handsome clock of perpetual motion should drop into The Bee office and see the Editor's present.

The officers of the company are John Merrick, president and founder; Dr. A. M. Moore, secretary, treasurer and medical director; C. C. Spaulding, vice president and general manager. These men are the highest type of Negro development whose reputation is above reproach.

TO REVOLUTIONIZE THE SOUTH

God and nature have so arranged this universe that along with every

wrong, yes, in the wrong itself is born the force that will ultimately overthrow it. Evil may be said to commit suicide, for it furnishes by its own course the poison with which its career is eventually cut short.

Proceeding upon this theory, the Rev. Sutton E. Griggs, A.M., B.D., of whom ex-President Merrill of Fisk University said, "The man whom I think understands the race question better than any other living man," has made a study of the manner in which injustice toward the Negro is operating on the whites and shows in an indisputable manner that their course is working the whites immeasurable harm.

The Honorable J. C. Napier, widely known throughout the nation, president of the Executive Committee of the National Negro Business League, trustee of the Anna T. Jeanes fund, cashier of the One Cent Savings Bank, had the following to say of the booklet in question:

"I have read Mr. Griggs booklet called 'Needs of the South.' I simply wish that I had sufficient words to tell just how much I think of it. To my mind its general circulation through the South will do more good than anything I have ever read. I have sent my copy to President Taft with the strongest endorsement of which I am capable of giving. Long may Mr. Griggs live to give out such able thoughts as are contained in that little booklet."

This booklet is one of a series that Mr. Griggs will produce showing how the South harms itself whenever it deals unjustly by the Negro, how that its only hope from self inflicted harm is in a policy of fair play.

To the thoughtful man who reads this booklet, brief as it is, it is not apparent how it can fail to revolutionize the thinking of the South. Price ten cents. Special rates to

agents.

The Orion Publishing Company,
Nashville, Tennessee.

PROFITABLE READING

People in general who are not actively engaged in business have but a vague idea of the full meaning of the term Credit. They know that it means buying goods without paying cash at the time, but beyond that they have no idea of its help and convenience.

The Peter Grogan and Sons Company, of 817-823 Seventh street, has published a little booklet in which the helpful features of credit are explained in a most simple manner. It tells you that credit is a part of the buying power belonging to every person, and explains why they treat credit as a customer's right. Then it shows how you can derive the maximum benefit by keeping your accounts in good standing and adding to them as your needs demand.

If it's not convenient for you to call at their store, ask that one of these booklets be mailed to you. They want every person who is interested in furnishing a home to have one and will consider such a request as a favor.

MISS CHASE REAPPOINTED.

President Roosevelt has ordered the reinstatement of Miss Fannie C. Chase, in the Government Printing Office, on the recommendation of Public Printer James D. Donnelly. This is a deserving compliment to Miss Chase who has a record of being the fastest folder in the office.

At the time folding machines were introduced in the office, Miss Chase was put up against the machines. She was successful in beating the machine as the record will show.

Have your prescriptions filled at the Board and McGuire Pharmacy on 14th street, between T and You.

Do you enjoy first class church music? If so, "drop in" and hear the St. Luke's parish choir.

The Manhattan Dancing class, Professor Bryson Chase, propose giving the "grandest" inaugural reception ever given by the colored citizens of the District.

Mr. Edward Holland had a few of his many friends to an o'possum dinner last Sunday afternoon at 4:30 p. m., at his residence 1132 20th street, northwest.

Those present were:—Anthony Phillip, J. Arthur James, L. E. Dogan, H. S. Robinson, E. R. James, Benjamin Warwick, W. J. Abrams, Arthur F. Boston, George Evans, Sherman Talbert.

Menu:—Stewed oysters, crackers o'possum, sweet potatoes, string beans, corn cakes, biscuits, turkey, celery, cranberry sauce, chicken salad, plum pudding and cigar and light refreshments.

Anthony Phillip, a veteran authority on o'possum, was present and entertained the diners in a reminiscent mood. Mr. Holland was the happy recipient of congratulations for the excellent manner in which the dinner was served.

Mr. R. W. Thompson, of 1348 Wallach Place, has resumed his duties at the Depot Quartermaster's Office, War Department, after an illness of two weeks.

Bishop and Mrs. W. H. Heard are in London.

Architect John A. Lankford has been tendered a tempting offer to take up construction work for the government in Panama, in connection with the Isthmian Canal. Preferring to build up his increasing business along strictly architectural lines, he has declined the offer. Mr. Lankford was chosen supervising architect of the African Methodist Episcopal Church at the Norfolk General Conference, and in addition to an extensive demand for his services by the churches of this denomination, he is making a specialty of laying out comprehensive courses of instruction for industrial schools, his plan covering every department of manual and mechanical training on scientific lines. Mr. Lankford carries the degree of Master of Science, and is regarded as an expert by competent draftsmen.

The wind blew,
And the snow snowed,
The ice friz,
And the frost riz;

but it made no difference to the throngs of healthy young people who wanted the most delicious ice cream soda in the city. They knew where to go for it and they went to the drug store of Board and McGuire, 1912½ 14th street, northwest.

Mr. Fred R. Moore, editor of the New York Age, was in town last week on business.

Mr. F. H. M. Murray, of Alexandria and Washington, has become the local correspondent of the Boston Guardian. Mr. Murray will be able to give satisfaction to the management of the Guardian.

Dr. C. Sumner Wormley, Washington's favorite dentist, has his classes in dentistry at Howard University in excellent shape, and it is a pleasure to note the progress his pupils are making under his careful direction. The enrollment in the dental department, of which Dr. Wormley is the able demonstrator, is the largest in the history of the University.

Mr. William Pannell, who traveled with Judge Taft throughout the campaign, has a snug berth in the Bureau of Insular Affairs. In all probability he will be called to the White House after March 4th.

Mrs. John P. Green, of Cleveland, Ohio, has joined her husband in this city. This well known couple will visit Europe shortly. Mr. and Mrs. Green attended service at St. Luke's Church last Sunday; they were formerly members of this parish.

Attorney Thomas J. Calloway went to Atlanta Monday to put in a writ in the interest of the Lincoln Land and Improvement Company.

Mr. Arthur Leo Curtis, the talented son of Dr. and Mrs. A. M. Curtis, is making rapid progress in the study of medicine. He goes to Europe for a special course upon the completion of his studies here.

Grand Master W. L. Houston, of the G. U. O. of O. F., is in Philadelphia this week on business.

Sergeant Amos A. Carter, of the 24th Infantry, has been spending his furlough here, the guest of Mr. T. J. Denison, 1911 13th street. He has returned to his post at Madison Barracks, New York.

Mrs. John P. Green, who accompanied her husband to the city, is the guest of Dr. Moorland. She will go abroad with her husband.

Dr. W. Bruce Evans has been elected president of the famous Mu-So-Lit Club. Mr. Alfred Lewis has been added to the roll of members. A smoker will be given by the club in lieu of a ball during the inaugural period. Saturday evening, March 6, has been set as the date.

Miss Blanche Gibson, of the Clark Training School, was in Richmond last week.

Miss Arsine E. Jones, stenographer in the office of Attorney Thomas L. Jones, was confined to her home, 1348 Wallach Place, several days this week.

Mrs. Edward E. Cooper has been given an assignment in the District Building.

Auditor Ralph W. Tyler's handsome New Year's souvenir autograph, "Think it over" is work thinking about for the next 365 days—and then some.

SACRED CONCERT

A most distinguished audience embracing members of the Anti-Tuberculosis Society of the District of Columbia, and a number of their friends assembled at the beautiful residence of Dr. and Mrs. George W. Cabaniss, 1744 K street, northwest, Sunday evening, the 17th instant, to listen to a sacred concert given for its benefit.

The handsome parlors of the host and hostess were thrown open to a large number of representative men and women who are deeply interested in the principles declared by the society, and who seemingly enjoyed the excellent program of music presented several addresses that followed.

The hostess, (Mrs. Dr. Cabaniss) presided over the entertainment, stating the object of the sacred concert, and extended a most cordial greeting to all who were present. The Rev. Mr. Rivers, pastor of the Berean Baptist Church offered prayer, after which the following numbers were announced by the hostess, which embraced the program of the evening, and proved a most acceptable and beautiful one.

1. Mandolin solo, with piano accompaniment, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Washington; 2. Recitation, "Burial of Moses," by Miss Ellen Harris; 3. Solo, piano; Miss Holmes; 4. Vocal solo "Just for Today" Miss Rosa Childs, contralto; 5. Spring song, arranged for mandolin, piano accompaniment, Miss Davidge; 6. Recitation, "Old Man's Story," Miss Edith Wright; 7. Nocturn, Schubert, Miss Lucy Jane Woten; 8. solo, "Golgotha" baritone, Mr. William H.

TUSKLESS ELEPHANTS.

Ceylon the Only Part of the World Where They Exist.

What a sight for a Ceylon elephant hunter would be the first view of a herd of African elephants—all tuskless! It is a singular thing that Ceylon is the only part of the world where the male elephants have no tusks; they have miserable little grubbers projecting two or three inches from the upper jaw and inclining downward.

Nothing produces either ivory or horn in fine specimens throughout Ceylon. Although some of the buffaloes have tolerably fine heads, they will not bear a comparison with those of other countries. The horns of the native cattle are not above four inches in length.

The elk and the spotted deer antlers are small compared with deer of their size in India. This is more singular, as it is evident from the geological formation that at some remote period Ceylon was not an island, but formed a portion of the main land. It is thought there must be elements wanting in the Ceylon pasturage for the formation of ivory.—Ceylon Manual.

Smokeless Coal.

A London inventor claims to have discovered a process for producing smokeless coal, apparently by distillation of coal at a low temperature. This, after distillation, is said to deposit a very brilliant substance, the heating properties of which are far greater than those of the original coal, and which is absolutely free from smoke and dirt. The inventor contends that efforts to overcome the smoke plague have hitherto been unsuccessful because they have been made in the wrong direction, and that by the extraction of the smoke-producing material in coal before being burned, he has been successful in producing a smokeless coal.

Electrocuting Animals.

The slaughter of animals for food by electrocution is being experimented by Dr. Leduc, a French scientist, who has been conducting his investigations in the French abattoirs. He has been using the intermittent low tension currents and says that he is satisfied that the system is painless, the central functions of perception being first destroyed and then those of circulation and respiration, so that there is neither suffering nor reaction in the animals thus killed. The doctor is endeavoring to devise some piece of apparatus by which the killing of cattle may be accomplished by electricity with economy and celerity.

The Shy Man.

Women show no mercy to the shy man, for he stands outside of the compass of convention. Could he break out all might be saved; the man might be permanently cured. But he cannot. He has been brought up to respect convention. His muscles may be of steel, his heart of fire, but in his soul the spirit of diffidence holds him in a vice. In a drawing room he stands gaping, quaking, a prey to introspective torment—he who would perhaps storm a rampart with a triumphant smile on his lips.—London Observer.

Hanging Pictures Dangerous.

"Railroad casualties receive such wide publicity," said an insurance man, "that there is a common belief on the part of the public that one is more liable to accidents while traveling than when living the simple life in the confines of his home. As a matter of fact, statistics show that accident insurance companies pay more money to people who get hurt hanging pictures or taking stoves apart than they do to the victims of head-on collisions. It sounds strange, but it's the truth."—Kansas City Journal.

Three Men to Move Book.

There lies in the British Museum the largest book yet printed, a colossal atlas of engraved ancient Dutch maps. It takes three men to move it from the giant book case in which it is stored in the library of the museum. It is bound in leather, magnificently decorated, and is fastened with clasps of solid silver, richly gilt. It is nearly seven feet high and weighs 800 pounds and was presented to King Charles II. before he left Holland in the year 1660.

Valuable East African Forest.

The Colonial Office recently sent out an expert to report on the Kenya forest, in the East Africa protectorate. He finds the forest extends 287 miles long by eight miles broad, and comprises 1,000,000 acres of timber. Taking the average value of the 24d. per cubic foot, this works out to £23 per acre, or a total value for the whole forest of £23,000,000.—London Tit-Bits.

Dead Historians.

I for my part believe in the dead historians. I glory in the possession of some hundreds of volumes by them. A great deal of cant is talked and written on this subject. There is an idea in some minds that a book on history to be good must be new. In nine cases out of ten the new book is a common-place re-statement of facts that were better presented by an older writer.—The Sphere.

A Man and a Woman.

A man's idea of being stylishly dressed is to wear something in which he looks atrociously bad; a woman's to wear something no other woman can duplicate.

STRATEGICAL USES OF TAILS.

The Clever Little Weasel and His Means of Defense.

Take another of our animals, a fierce little weasel, clad in summer in a coat of brown, in winter turning white, but always with a jet black tip to the tail. The ermine, as it is incorrectly called in its winter coat, has an easy time of it, sneaking upon the mice and birds upon which it preys, but when a hawk takes after it in an open field in the sunlight or an owl in the moonlight, it would have but short shrift with all its sinuous leaping, were it not that the black tail tip is so conspicuous that it constantly attracts the eye and allows the pure white of the body to be confused with the snow. Even when we place a dead weasel on the snow and look at it from a distance we realize how true this is, and how valuable must be the pencil tufts of black hairs to this little vermin who spends his life in hunting or being hunted.—The Outing Magazine.

Everyone of Them a Bird.

A current newspaper item is as follows: "The wife of a Methodist minister in West Virginia, has been married three times. Her maiden name was Partridge; her first husband was named Robin; her second husband, Sparrow; and the present one's name is Quayle. There are now two young Robins, one Sparrow, and three little Quayles in the family. One grandfather was a Swan, and another was a Jay; but he's dead and now a bird of Paradise. "They live on Hawk-ave., Eagle-ville, Canary Islands, and the fellow who wrote this article is a lyre bird and an interesting relative of the family."

Arctic Dog Life.

Nowhere in the world has the dog such unrestricted right of way as in our most northerly possession—Alaska. In winter, when the more than 60,000 square miles of territory are sealed up in solid ice, dogs are almost the sole means of getting from place to place—in fact, they seem necessary to life itself.

The aristocrats of Arctic dog life are the mail teams in the service of the United States Government. They are to-day a superior breed to the dogs employed some half dozen years ago before great gold discoveries demanded increased mail service.—St. Nicholas.

Names that Don't Name.

Many chemical names convey no exact idea of the things they stand for. Oil of vitriol is no oil, neither are oils of turpentine and kerosene. Copperas is an iron compound and contains no copper. Salts of lemon is the extremely poisonous oxalic acid. Carbolic acid is not an acid but an alcohol. Cobalt contains none of that metal but arsenic. Soda water has no trace of soda, and sugar of lead has no sugar; cream of tartar has nothing of cream, nor milk of lime any milk. German silver has no silver and blacklead no lead.

Dogs Around Blacksmith Shops.

Two or three dogs are nearly always to be found loafing about every blacksmith shop. This fact is so well recognized that detectives when sent out after valuable dogs that have been lost invariably visit first all the blacksmith shops in the neighborhood. The reason why dogs visit the blacksmith shops is that they love inordinately the odor and the taste of burning hoofs. They sniff the odor as a woman sniffs a rose, and they eat the hoof parings as a gourmet eats truffles.—Minneapolis Journal.

Supply of Gold.

It is mainly from Africa, America and Australia that the world draws its supply of gold, some \$400,000,000 worth won regularly every year. Africa leads with about \$150,000,000; next comes the United States with about \$95,000,000; Australia ranks third with some \$85,000,000, while Russia, both in Europe and Asia, Mexico, Canada and several other countries, make up the remainder.

A Long Sleep.

An astonishing trance case has come to light in Berlin. A clerk, aged 46—a healthy normal man—suddenly fell asleep in June 1904. All efforts to awaken him were unsuccessful and the sleeper since then has never opened his eyes. He breathes regularly and swallows his food mechanically, but is insensible to the severest attempts to arouse him.

Lace Curtains.

Lace window curtains should always be soaked for an hour in cold water to which a little borax has been added, before being put into warm suds. This gets out the smoky smell that is sometimes so noticeable in curtains that have been used in a city.

Life in Germany.

Every one who has travelled in Germany is familiar with the word "verboten"—forbidden. He finds it is verboten to almost everything which he thinks he has been accustomed to do in the United States.—Chicago Standard.

A Valuable Relic.

A thirteenth century copper and gilt ciborium, supposed to have come from Malmesbury abbey, was sold by auction in London for \$30,000.

ANTIQUITY OF GLASS.

Made in Egypt Thousands of Years Before the Christian Era.

Though the art of making glass of certain kinds is very old, spectacles had to wait on the discovery or invention of some method that would produce it perfectly transparent. Specimens of glass have been found in the Egyptian tombs that are more than 4,000 years old, and glass bottles are represented on tombs at least 1,500 years earlier.

In Mesopotamia the art of making glass has been traced back at least 2,000 years. The glass of antiquity was of a dark color, and was used for vessels of various kinds.

That window glass, such as is now in current use, was slow to gain currency is shown by the little panes in many old buildings in Europe. They are usually round, or nearly so, and so small that one of them can easily be held between the tips of the fingers and the thumb.

Cards for Everything.

So thoroughly has the card index or catalogue become a part of modern business that practically no activity is without it. Brides keep the list of presents on cards. Pastors are adopting the card index to keep the name and addresses of their parishioners. Not long ago the complete list of members of the Grand Lodge of Masons of New York was transferred to cards. There are a million names. Owners of stables and kennels keep the records of their animals on cards instead of in books. Writers now keep cards on which they put down "experiences" or "episodes" to be filed away and to be used for material when they get down to writing.—Sat. Eve. Post.

Followers of Mark Twain.

The latest addition to the fresh air friends seems to be included in the young ambulance surgeons. In spite of near-to-zero weather it is common to see one of these young men responding to a hurly call without a hat, and it is quite as common a sight to see them, even at night time, when it always seems colder than in the day time, seated on the rear seat of the ambulance, attired in white duck trousers. Doubtless it is only a part of the exuberance of youth, but duck trousers on a night when the mercury is trying to push the bottom out of the thermometer do seem a trifle out of place.

Saving Paper.

The price of paper has increased so much in the last few years that we may have to do our writing on bark or celluloid. But here is a pointer: One of the big firms in New York, employing 7,000 people, has a way of assisting you to save letter paper, and at the same time serves itself in a matter of file and record. In writing to a customer, for instance, only one side of the sheet is used. Sheets are made of many sizes, to fit the length of all correspondence. At the bottom is printed in blue ink: "If necessary to reply, please do so on the back of this letter. This is a clever idea.

Good Sentries.

"Silly goose" is an expression which should be used by the extremely ignorant alone. No bird requires more patience to shoot with gun or camera, especially the latter. When feeding you will find flocks varying in size on open ground, and nearly always on such ground that a stalk is impossible. On the outskirts of these flocks you will always find sentries with heads erect, eyes and ears alert, the slightest sound or movement and you are detected—true descendants from the ancient preservers of Rome.—Country Life.

Prince Bismarck.

Bismarck himself, was a tremendous smoker, eater, and drinker, and would stride about the house followed by his dogs. The pipes and long cigars which he smoked in a day would have killed an ordinary man. He loved to pour into a huge stein a bottle of champagne and then a bottle of porter, and drink the whole mixture off at a single draft. Bismarck said of himself: "If there were many eaters like me in Prussia the state could not exist. I should have to emigrate."—P. T. O.

World's Greatest Wonder.

"What is really the greatest natural wonder on earth?" It is easy to answer now, says the Travel Magazine, since the stupendous falls of the Zambesi River have been discovered; one of the world's mightiest rivers, two miles wide, falling a sheer 420 feet. Niagara is only half a mile wide and 153 feet high, so that it figures as a mere cascade in comparison.

Another Way to Put It.

It might not be incorrect to say that the man who was smothered in a bin of oats, died from an overdose of breakfast food.

The Man With the Gun.

Trouble is always waiting round the corner for the man who has a gun in his pocket.

Annual Annoucement

E. VOIGT

MANUFACTURING JEWELER

725 7th Street, Northwest

BETWEEN G & H



Everybody has some friend whom they wish to make happy. It may be a mother or father, sister or brother. It may be a wife, or it may be a sweetheart — and no better time than Christmas is so appropriate — so suggestive. Nothing makes one feel happier than to gladden the heart of another.

Our stock of Jewelry and Bric-a-brac is now complete. Each item carefully selected and we feel satisfied that a visit from you will bear us out in our selection as can be found anywhere. Why not give us a call tomorrow? select will be laid aside and delivered when wanted. Experienced clerks.

WATCHES

We mention the best of our specials. Gentleman's and Ladies' watches, men's and women's.

Ladies' Solid Gold Watches, Open Face, \$8.00. Boys' Solid Silver Watches, \$5.00 up.

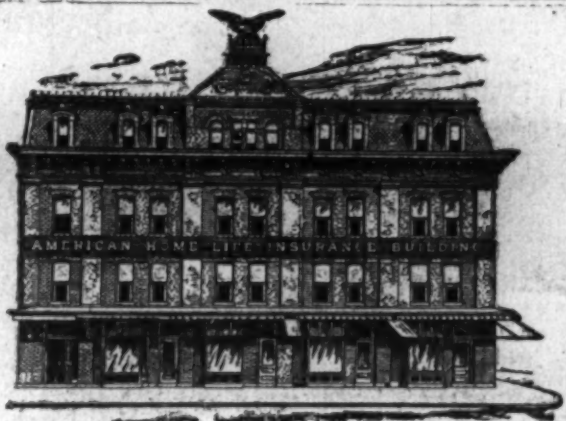
DIAMONDS.

Put Your Money in Diamonds. No Better Investment Today.

Prices in the Diamond market are advancing, but OUR PRICES HAVE NOT BEEN ADVANCED in some time. We still have a large collection of superb Diamonds which we bought a considerable time ago at lower prices than prevail today.

We shall not advance prices on these stones. We are merchants and not speculators, and our fair percentage of profit is all we ask. So, as long as these Diamonds last, it will be possible to buy them here under the regular market for fine stones.

Ladies' Diamond Rings, \$5.00 to \$150. Ladies' Diamond Brooches, \$5.50 to \$1,000. Diamond Earrings, \$15.00 to \$500.00. Diamond Scarf Pins, \$7.00 up. Diamond Cuff Buttons, \$7.00 up. Diamond Studs, \$10.00 up. We have Ladies' Handsome Diamond Rings set in Tiffany Mounting, which we are selling at \$30.00. This will make an appropriate present for Christmas. Every stone a ball of fire.



SICK AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE UP TO \$25.00 PER WEEK
WHOLE LIFE INSURANCE ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS
PAYABLE ONE HOUR AFTER DEATH.
AMERICAN HOME LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
FIFTH AND G STREETS N. W. Washington, D. C.

WORTH ADVERTISING FOR.

There are 5,499 Negroes employed here in Washington by the Government alone, and these 5,499 Negroes draw salaries aggregating \$3,044,404. These more than three millions of dollars are spent right here in Washington, but scattered among the hundreds of tradesmen. Is this amount of money worth bidding for? It certainly is, and not even the largest stores in this city would refuse to get the big end of it did they but realize how much money the Negroes are really spending.

Now The Bee is the only Negro publication in this city. It stands without a rival or competitor, and covers the field like a blanket. If a few of the merchants in this city will patronize the advertising columns of The Bee, presenting the attractive bargains they may have, these Negroes — these 5,499 Negroes who draw annually from the Government over three millions of dollars — will assume that by patronizing a publication edited and operated by one of their race that such firms desire and deserve their patronage. And such firms will receive the bulk of these over three millions of dollars received and spent by the Negroes of Washington.

What clothing stores, what furniture stores, what dry goods stores and what other lines of business will now make an effort to divert to themselves these over three millions of dollars spent by Washington Negroes by advertising in The Bee?

Place your advertising in The Bee and watch these 5,499 appreciative Negroes spend their over three millions of dollars with you. Now is the time to advertise in The Bee, the newspaper that goes into every Negro home in Washington. Remember, merchants of Washington, it's what advertising pays you, not what it costs.

Chance for Much Trouble.
The Sultan of Turkey recently paid \$400,000 for a diamond. If he doesn't wish to have trouble with his harem he will insist on using the stone himself.

Danger in New York Roads.
There is an average of seven car collisions a day on the steam, subway, elevated and surface railways of New York.

Post Office Pens.
Mustard manufacturers grow rich, we are told, not by the quantity of mustard consumed, but by that which is wasted and left on the diners' plates. The saying is recalled by an interesting statement made by the Postmaster-General as to the number of pens supplied for use by the public in the post offices of the country. It seems that last year the total was 1,250,000.

Mme. Davis,



BORN CLAIRVOYANT AND CARD READER TELLS ABOUT BUSINESS.

1228 25th St. N.W., Washington, D. C. Gives Luck to All. N. B.—No letters answered unless accompanied by stamp. N. B.—Mention The Bee.

Fireless stoves, or self-cookers, as they are variously known have been in use in Germany for a number of years. These cookers are used as follows: After a thorough heating the food to be stewed or boiled is placed inside the box, sealed and left for a sufficient time, when it is opened, and the food cooked by the retained heat, is ready to serve.

Bank of England's First Safe.
In the Bank of England's museum may be seen the old oak chest which was the Old Lady of Threadneedle Street's first strong-room. It is a little larger than a common sea-man's chest and in this the bank stored its cash, notes and valuable papers.—Strand Magazine.

As to Butter.
Great Britain consumes more butter than any other nation. The average per head is 13 pounds per year, as against eight pounds in Germany, four pounds in France and two pounds in Russia.

"Stung."
The word "stung" has now come to mean such a variety of things in the vernacular that the busy little bee, the wasp, the hornet, and their ilk, have especial need to think twice before they act.

THE NIGHT RIDERS AIDED KENTUCKY

Original Organization Did Away
with Toll Gates and Brought
About Good Roads.

COMPANIES DISOBEYED THE LAW

Crimes Committed Now Are by
Gangs Hiding Behind Name of Old
Association Which Caused the
Abolishment of the Turnpike Com-
panies.

Louisville, Ky.—There has not
been, it is said, a crime of mob violence
committed in this State, in
Tennessee, or, in fact, in any of the
Southern States or in any of the
Middle Western States in the past
several years, with the exception of
the occasional lynching of a negro
by a mob, that has not been should-
ered, on the Night Riders.

The Night Riders were an orga-
nized body back in 1900, when the
State Legislature passed a law do-
ing away with private ownership of
State roads. For months the turn-
pike corporations refused to obey
the State laws. They appealed to
the State Supreme Court, then to
the Court of Appeals, and lastly to
the United States Supreme Court,
and on each appeal they would get
a stay, which made it possible for
them to continue running their toll
gates and charging two cents a mile
for every horse or vehicle that passed
over their property.

Because of the law's delay the
condition of the roads became im-
passable. The owners of the turn-
pikes would not expend one cent
for improvements as long as there
was question of their losing their
property by a final court decision,
but they did not cease to mulct trav-
ellers. All this while they refused
to accept the fair price offered by
the State for their roads.

It was then that the Night Riders
were organized. The organization
spread from Shelby County to every
part of the State, and one night in
the late fall men rode from their
homes and began burning toll gates.
There is no record of a toll gate
keeper being injured unless he show-
ed resistance. Then he was taken
from the house, and if he continued
to be defiant he was flogged. In
ninety-nine cases out of a hundred
the toll gate keeper was glad to give
up his job and let the gate burn.

Night Riders undoubtedly brought
the turnpike corporations to terms.
There was not a toll gate left stand-
ing in the State of Kentucky by the
following spring. Had the taxpayers
and farmers been contented to
allow the law to take its never end-
ing course the chances are that toll
gates would still be holding up trav-
ellers on the State roads to-day,
and that the roads would have been
worse now than they were when the
Night Riders became organized.

The Kentucky roads now are
among the best in the United States.
There are not millions of dollars of
watered stock on which to pay inter-
est, and the State tax has improved
them and even made it possible for
almost all of them to be sprinkled
with oil during the summer
season, thus laying the dust.

The success of the Night Riders
in the war against toll gates led to
an organization of a similar char-
acter when the fight was waged
against the American Tobacco Com-
pany. But out of this last organiza-
tion there grew a body of violent
men, who live on excitement and
thrive on lawlessness. Then sprang
up, too, lawless bodies of men in
many of the Southern and Middle
Western States, who chose to call
themselves Night Riders, though the
probabilities are that 99 per cent.
of the men didn't own so much as a
horse to ride.

If a list of the original body of
Night Riders could be had the
chances are that the names of many
men who figured in the operations
of the old Ku-Klux gang would be
found, and if this list were sifted
down it would show that many prop-
erty-owners and men of prominence
had resorted to violence because of
their belief that action was their
only safeguard against ruin, and
that a defiance of law had to be met
by a like defiance.

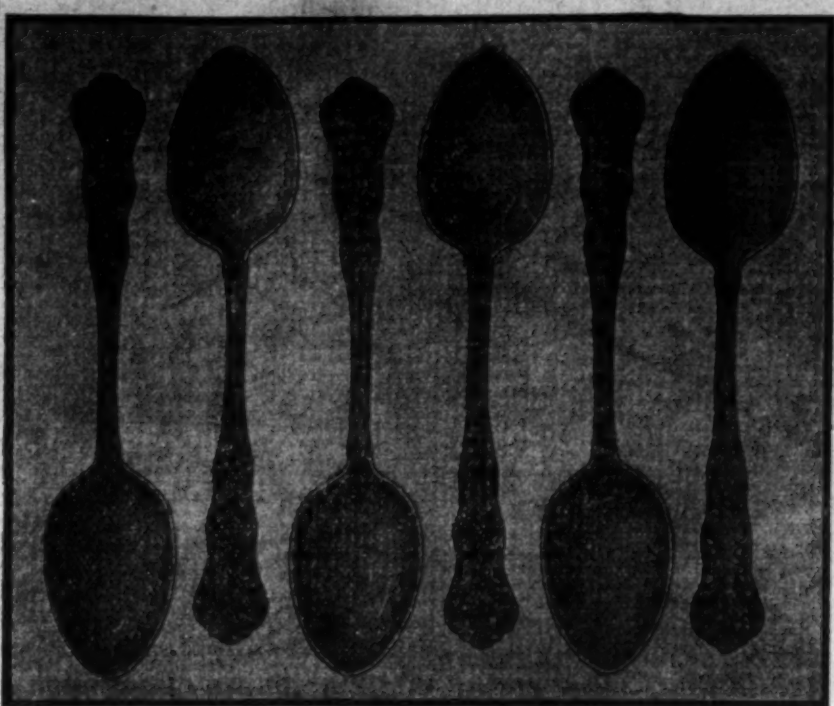
Psyche Knot a Life Saver.
Altoona, Pa.—Having washed and
dried her hair, Mary Houser, aged
twenty-two, did it up in a Psyche
knot and walked out on the front
porch. While she leaned against
the railing it gave way and she was
precipitated backward, head first,
ten feet to the sidewalk, alighting
on her head. The coiffure broke the
impact of her head against the rail-
stones, but she did not entirely es-
cape injury.

She suffered a slight concussion
of the brain, but recovered conscious-
ness a few hours later.

Old Age Common in Rochefort.
Paris, France.—Rochefort seems
to be a great town for longevity. In-
vestigation of the records reveals the
fact that during the last century
from January 1, 1881, to December
31, 1900, 144 persons in Rochefort
attained the age of 90 or over. Two
of these were centenarians, one
reaching the age of 103, and the
other dying at 106.

2 GREAT OFFERS

This Splendid Six-Piece Set of W. H. Rogers' Guaranteed
Silver Ware Free to the Washington Bee Subscribers.



Famous W. H. Rogers Brand Warranted Solid Silver Metal,
Beautifully Finished. No Plating to Wear Off.

SET OF SIX TEA SPOONS

Absolutely guaranteed by manufacturers to wear forever.
Solid silver metal throughout—they cannot tarnish.

Rogers Silverware needs no introduction to the American
public. For more than 50 years the standard, it is recognized the
world over as the very best there is made. The name Rogers
stamped on a piece of silverware represents the highest type of
skill and workmanship and material.

Unquestionably the Daintiest and Acceptable Premium Ever
Ever Offered by Any Newspaper.

The Bee wishes to add two thousand new subscribers to its
circulation within the next three months, and to accomplish this
is offering these beautiful sets free to each person who will
bring or mail to The Bee office, one new subscription paid one
year in advance.

Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.

The Bee Publishing Co.,

Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find \$2.00, for which please send me
The Washington Bee for one year, and send me at once, free,
postage paid, one six-piece set of Rogers Solid Silver Metal
Spoons, as advertised.

Name
Address
Name
Address

Everybody get busy and take advantage of these splendid offers
made to old and new subscribers of The Bee alike.

The above shears and spoons supplied and guaranteed by the
HAMILTON SILVER CO. Factory B., Muncie, Indiana.

James F. Oyster

THE LEADING PLACE IN THE CITY FOR
BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

OYSTER'S BUTTER IS THE SWEETEST IN THE MAR-
KET. HIS CHEESE IS THE PUREST AND EGGS THE
FRESHEST.

SQUARE STANDS, CENTER MARKET, 5TH AND K
STREETS, NORTHWEST, AND RIGGS MARKET.

OFFICE

WHOLESALE DEALER AND SALESMAN, 900 AND 902
PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, NORTHWEST.

M. HENNESSY

Buffet and Restaurant. The Best place in the city for hot
lunches and dinner. 216 Ninth Street, Northwest.



Mrs. Agnes Smith, 1308 L street, northwest, this city, is the
agent. Call or send for the Magic Shampoo and Hair Straightener.
1308 L street, northwest, Washington, D. C.

NEW YORK CANDY KITCH-
EN, 1506 SEVENTH STREET,
NORTHWEST.
SPECIAL CANDIES.

10 CENTS PER POUND, 3
POUNDS FOR 25 CENTS.

MIXED FANCY CHOCO-
LATES.

15 CENTS PER POUND.
2 POUNDS FOR 25 CENTS.

ICE CREAM
30 CENTS PER QUART, \$1.00
PER GALLON.

1506 7TH STREET, NORTH-
WEST.

E. VOIGT.
If you want something in the jew-
elry line, Catholic Bibles, or any-
thing as a Christmas gift to friends,
read the advertisement of E. Voigt
in another column of The Bee. This
is one of the most reliable places in
the city, where you may obtain the
genuine article.

Mr. Voigt is a man of the most ac-
commodating disposition. Treat him
right and he will do likewise.

HOUSE AND HERRMAN.

If you want to purchase Christmas
and New Year household goods, and
if you cannot satisfy yourself else-
where, give House and Herrman a
call. This establishment is one of

This Offer of The Washington Bee Will Appeal Especially to
Women

SELF-TIGHTENING SHEARS

THE BEST SHEARS IN THE WORLD

The Winner Louisiana Exposition Shears

If this pair of Shears breaks or in any way becomes defective
within five years from date of purchase, they will be replaced
with a new pair without cost.

Hamilton Silver Co., Factory B., Muncie, Indiana.

Notice the Guarantee Given by The Hamilton Silver Co. Can
you beat it?

GUARANTEE

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

THE MAGNIFI-
CENT TRIPLE
SHARPENING
MACHINE
WHICH
RENEWES
THE
EDGES
OF
THE
SHEARS

AWAIDED DEATH IN DESERT.

Body of B. T. Pratt, Dead from
Hunger and Thirst, Found
in California.

Los Angeles, Cal.—"Water, if I
could only find water! I'm suffering
terribly from hunger. To-day I ate
some green grass, but I can't go any
more. I wonder how long it will
take to die."

These entries in the notebook of
B. T. Pratt, whose body was found
on the desert in Inyo county by two
prospectors, give pathetic evidence
of the suffering the man underwent
as he watched the approach of death
far from human habitation. The
diary also was found by G. W. Lewis
and S. E. Shattuck, the prospectors
while on a trip through the Argus
Mountains in Inyo county. Pratt had
been dead nearly two months. He
was evidently trying to reach the
mountains, where he knew he would
find food of a sort and water in
abundance, but within sight of his
refuge he gave out and could go no
further. Pratt was sixty years old.
The entries in the notebook were
scribbled and began only when the
man found he was in danger of dy-
ing.

"Food gave out to-day; guess I
can make Argus," was the entry for
August 3, seven days after he had
started to cross the desert. "Water
gone," told the story of the follow-
ing day.

For one whole day he went with-
out water or food, but maintained
an optimistic spirit, as is witnessed
by the following entry for August 6:

"Signs of water about half mile
ahead. There will be green stuff
there too. Will reach it early in
the morning." But evidently the
desert was playing tricks on him, as
it so often does by means of a mir-
age. Two days later came the two
entries quoted first. The last entry
reads:—

"I left Grapeville, Inyo county,
Cal., July 28. Tom Spratt told me
I would perish. I thought I could
make it, but got lost, so guess I
will have to give in. I have no
water, nothing to eat and can't walk.
I have brothers, C. H. Pratt, at Ban-
ner Springs, Wyandotte county,
Kan.; E. B. Pratt, in St. Louis, and
W. R. Pratt, Custer county, Wyo-
ming."

LONGEST AUTO FREIGHT LINE.

Cars Will Carry 27 Passengers and
10 Tons of Freight.

Spokane, Wash.—What is believed
to be the longest automobile freight
and passenger stage line on the con-
tinent is in operation between Oro-
ville and Brewster in Okanogan
County, Wash., connecting with a
steamer line to Wenatchee.

The line has two 60-horse power
cars, which will carry twenty-seven
passengers and ten tons of freight,
making the run of eighty miles in
eight hours. The trip by wagon oc-
cupies almost two days. Branch
lines will also be established to
other points in the Okanogan coun-
ty. The other line is between Mar-
cus and Kettle Falls in Stevens
County, north of Spokane, connect-
ing with a steamer to Spokane Falls.

These cars will be of twenty-five
and thirty horse power, respectively.
F. L. Barney has charge of the auto-
mobile line, while Capt. Bruce A.
Griggs, a veteran river man, will
operate the steamer line.

HAS A RABBIT PLAGUE.

Bold Cottontails Destroy Crops on
California Ranches.

San Francisco, Cal.—Jack rabbits
are said to be so numerous in the
Antelope valley of California that
the ranchmen are in despair. The
animals are becoming so fierce that
they are actually breaking down the
fences around the adjacent fields and
eating crops down to the roots. Not
content with this, they are swarm-
ing into the desert towns and in-
vading front yards of the dwellers.

Citizens of Lancaster turned out
recently and made a round-up. They
put up a fence across the road be-
tween fences surrounding fields on
each side and in short time drove in
and killed with clubs five hundred
jack rabbits.

EAGLE KILLS A SHARK.

Ship's Crew Witness Desperate Fight
in Chesapeake Bay.

Baltimore.—A remarkable com-
bat between a large eagle and a
shark was witnessed recently by
Captain Henderson and the crew of
the steamer Tangier in Chesapeake
Bay. When coming out of Ocohan-
nock Creek they saw the eagle dive
and come to the surface with a
shark. Then followed a fierce strug-
gle, the shark pulling the eagle un-
der the water until it was almost
exhausted. The fish was finally kil-
led and floated dead on the water.
Members of the steamer's crew
put off in a small boat and captured
the eagle, although it clawed them
repeatedly and its mate, hovering
close by, tried to attack them.

Shot an Albino Squirrel.

Marquette, Mich.—While hunting
near Grand Marais, Gustav Herbert
shot and killed an albino squirrel.
It has been presented to James
Caltrass, of Grand Marais, and will be
mounted. Albino deer are occasion-
ally killed in upper Michigan, but
this is the first time of which there
is record that a white squirrel has
been bagged.

Louis J. Kessel

Importer of and Wholesale Dealer in

WINE

AND

whiskies

Sole Owner of the.....

Following Branches

Private Stock,
Old Reserve,
Hermit
Oxford,
Tremont

25 TENTH STREET, N. W.
Telephone—Main—167

Wm. Cannon

GET THE BEST.

Old Purissima Whiskey is a

compound of pure grain and free

from harmful impurities. Guar-

anteed under the Pure Food and

Drug Act, June 30, 1906.

Sold by William Carman, 1225

7th street, northwest. Phone.

North, 528.

CHAS. H. JAVINS & SONS,

FISH

POULTRY AND OYSTER

DEALERS,

930 C STREET NORTHWEST,

AND

CENTER MARKET.

PHONE, MAIN 4480

WASHINGTON, D. C.

the largest in the city. There is no
excuse for the housewife; she is in
a position to call and make her own
selection.

Every husband should see that his
wife is satisfied before the beginning
of the New Year.

JAMES H. HUDNELL.

Mr. James H. Hudnell, one of
the best known business men in
this city has returned to Castle-
berg's National Jewelry Co.,

935 Penn. Ave., N. W. Mr.

Hudnell can always be relied

upon to give you the genuine

article. Now is the time to place

your orders before the holidays

Phone. Main 2363.

Address 2009 9th street northwest.

LEGAL NOTICE
L. MELENDEZ KING, ATTORNEY
SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Holding Probate Court.
No. 15731
Administration.

This is to give notice:
That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters testamentary on the estate of Lewis N. Douglass, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 19th day of January, A. D. 1910, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 19th day of January, 1909.

Hellen A. Douglass.
2002 17 street, northwest.
Attest: William C. Taylor, Deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia. Clerk of the Probate Court.
L. Melendez King, Attorney.

ROOMS
Nicely furnished and unfurnished rooms. Hot and cold baths. 2018 Vermont avenue, northwest.

FOR RENT
Furnished room, with steam heat and gas. 1002 26th Street northwest.

Excellent furnished room with hot and cold baths. Centrally located, and within one hundred yards of two lines of cars. Address Box C, Bee Office.

E. MURRAY
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
ICE CREAM AND CONFECTIONS.

OYSTERS IN SEASON.
1216 YOU STREET, NORTHWEST. PHONE. NORTH 908.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS.
(Continued from page 1.)
board be made.

The Statesman, Denver, Colorado, is waiting for a second to its motion "that Jack Johnson, the pugilist, draw the color line."

Professor A. L. Lowell has been elected to succeed Mr. Charles W. Eliot as president of Harvard. The resignation of President Eliot will go into effect next May.

Rev. S. B. Dexter, an Illinois pastor, is quoted as having said that he can see no harm in a little bit of "flirting" in church, but considers it very harmful elsewhere.

The ancient Latin Bible, which was printed in France in the sixteenth century, was used by Judge James Penniwell in giving the oath of office to his brother Simeon S. Penniwell, last Tuesday, as governor of Delaware.

Franklin Park has been selected as the place for the erection of the statue to Commodore Barry.

Special exercises were held in many places last Tuesday in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of Edgar Allan Poe.

The first public meeting in the interest of the proposed auditorium will be held today at 2:30 o'clock at the New Willard Hotel.

President Roosevelt has asked Congress for permission to issue a proclamation making the 12th of February a special holiday.

Captain J. P. Woody, of Alexandria, Virginia, who is four-score years of age, is exhibiting a letter said to have been written 133 years ago.

Senator Bailey, of Texas, speaking of the social functions in Washington last Tuesday, said "the men dress up like head waiters and the ladies hardly dress at all."

Over one hundred persons promised, at the revival service at the First Presbyterian Church, in this city, to try to live like Christ.

Last Thursday was observed by the Chinamen as New Year's Day.

JOHN BAXTER DEAD
The death of Mr. John Baxter, of 318 C street, southwest, takes from that section one of the best known citizens in the community. Mr. Baxter has been in failing health for some time, having contracted a severe cold about a year ago which terminated fatally. He resided with his wife and two daughters at 318 C street, southwest, when he died. He leaves surviving him a wife and five daughters, all married, but one a widow who lost her husband about two years ago. He was buried from St. Dominic's Catholic Church, Saturday morning, under the auspices of the Order of St. John, one of the largest Catholic organizations in this city. There were many beautiful floral designs from his many friends, which filled the entire section of the room in which the corpse lay. The corpse arrived at the church at 9 o'clock sharp, where high mass was sung.

The ceremonies were very impressive and solemn. Notwithstanding the severe snowstorm which occurred at the hour of the funeral, the church was filled with his admiring friends. At the conclusion of the services the remains were conveyed to Mt. Olivet Cemetery.

John Baxter was a citizen of Washington for a number of years. He was a first class upholsterer by trade, having been in the business all his life. He was a man of genial and kind disposition who loved his family, and having reared five young ladies, all of whom are married, and three have from one to four children living.

It was a sad spectacle to see his many grandchildren in attendance at the funeral and who seemed to be so deeply impressed with the services. Many of them are of tender age, but they all felt keenly the death of their beloved and honored grandfather. Many of his relatives and personal friends from Maryland attended the funeral.

PARTNERS DISAGREE
Gaines Would Dissolve and Sues for Accounting.

Proceedings in equity have been instituted by Frank Gaines against Aaron J. Gaskins, asking for a dissolution of partnership which has existed for the past nine years between them in the retail liquor and restaurant business at 320 8th street, northwest. The bill, filed by Attorneys Wilton J. Lambert and R. H. Yeatman, alleges that irreconcilable differences have arisen between the parties, and the court is asked to appoint a receiver to take charge of the business and wind it up, and compel the defendant to account. The good will of the business is said to be worth at least \$10,000.

NEGROES IN BUSINESS
One of the drawbacks among Negroes in business is the low economic ideals of the race as a whole. Few Negroes will attempt to build up a really large business. When they have a few hundred dollars income, as much as they would earn at the trade or occupation at which they were formerly employed, they often then aspire for social rather than business leadership, and, being better off than the great mass of their race, they merely attempt to remain the "social leaders" of the group. This has been the rock on which many Negro caterers and barbers have wrecked their business. Then there is carelessness and indifference to business methods. The early co-operative results very often resulted in the accumulation of two or three hundred dollars of the money of a dozen or more individuals; then dissatisfaction followed on the part of the shareholders because of fancied or real reasons, often because they were not receiving fabulous amounts in dividends, or because they received no dividend the first month or so; and often because their unbonded treasurer misappropriated the funds, or left town. Thus have groceries, factories, and "syndicates" gone down in nearly every part of the country; and a kind of distrust is still felt in many communities.

But each year better trained men are entering the field, and more success is assured; the day of wholesale failure of corporate efforts is rapidly passing, especially failure because of lack of business knowledge. While the signs do not point to anything especially remarkable, yet there is every evidence in Northern cities that an increasing number of Negroes will build up businesses catering chiefly to those of their own race, and employing a large number of their own people.—R. R. Wright, Jr., in the Southern Workman.

Read The Bee.

Tennessee Whiskey
—A very rare 15 year old Bourbon of the finest quality and delicious taste.
\$5 gal. \$1.25 full qt.
CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
Quality House 909 7th St. Phone M 121.

We Are Always STRIVING

HOUSE AND HERRMANN
—To perfect our STORE SERVICE, to make it the best in the country.

This vast business is planned to serve the public, to satisfy every customer, to give the best values for the money, and to sell only such Furniture as will give best service and make each customer.

When in Doubt, Buy of HOUSE & HERRMANN
7th and I (Eye) Streets, N. W. Convenient Credit Terms Arranged.

JUSTH'S OLD STAND.
Workingmen, no doubt you read all about the big sales going on; but let them go. Get wise, and save a \$5 note; come direct to our store and buy slightly used tailor-made suits at \$3.50, and comfortable overcoats at \$3.00, that will look well. One price only.

JUSTH'S OLD STAND,
619 D street northwest.

COMMANDER HENRY SCORES A HIT.

One of the strongest adjuncts to the Army and Navy Union of the District of Columbia is the James A. Buchanan Garrison, of which Samuel T. Henry, formerly of the 24th Infantry, is grand commander. Mr. Henry organized this young garrison through his own personal influence and popularity with his comrades, and it is now easily the leading organization of its kind among our race in this jurisdiction.

Mr. Henry has seen much active service on the frontier in this country and in the Philippines and now holds a responsible position in the War Department. At the last regular meeting of the garrison, General James A. Buchanan, a distinguished veteran of the Civil War and now retired, honored the gathering with his presence—foregoing an engagement at the White House—to thus encourage the gallant soldiers who had chosen to march under a banner bearing his name and who are still giving such tangible evidence of their loyalty to the old flag.

Commander Henry, in thanking the general for his kindly remarks, delivered an address that aroused the enthusiasm to high pitch and evoked hearty applause at the hands of the eminent visitor. Commander Henry has been designated as an aid on the staff of the Department Commander, with rank of captain, the first instance where a colored man has been so honored.

EQUAL RIGHTS TO ALL.

"In addition to the square deal in our own country, I want the Methodists and others to help me give the 'square deal' to Japan. I will see to it that in doing this our own citizens are protected.

"I am not a sentimentalist. I am not afraid of invoking the 'big stick' wherever it may be necessary. Our national government has reached an agreement with Japan by which there can be a satisfactory solution to every question which may be at issue between the United States and Japan. I should be ashamed to invoke it unless it was necessary. And I want to see us, while insisting on justice being done us equally careful to do justice to others.

"We are constantly giving to the people of the Philippines an increasing share in, an increasing opportunity to learn by practice, the difficult art of self-government. If we had abandoned them at the outset to their own devices, if we had shirked our duty and sailed out of the islands, leaving them in a bloody welter of confusion, the chief sufferers would have been the Philippine people themselves. We are leading them forward in the right direction, and we are doing it because our people at home desire that they shall be treated right." — President Roosevelt to Methodists.

THOMAS J. CALLOWAY,
Attorney at Law.
494 Louisiana Avenue,
Washington, D. C.
General Practice. Phone M 2404.
Prompt and Careful Attention to All Matters.
TRY HIM.

MURRAY'S DRUG STORE.
SECOND STREET, S. W.
UP-TO-DATE IN EVERY PARTICULAR AS TO THE QUALITY OF OUR DRUGS—WHICH ARE STRICTLY FRESH.

A COMPLETE NEW LINE OF HOLIDAY GOODS. JUST THE THINGS FOR A HOLIDAY GIFT, AT THE USUAL PRICES.

MURRAY'S,
SECOND STREET, S. W.

J. D. O'CONNOR,
Union Bar, and Union Goods.
Yellow Keystone Pure Rye Whiskey.

J. D. O'CONNOR'S BUFFET,
Cor. Seventh and P Sts. N. W.

Tel. Lincoln 2969

SIGNORA ANNIE FAZZI

All kinds of hair cleaned Wigs, braids, pompadours, puffs, and curls made to order.

801 East Capitol St., Wash, D. C.

THE ONLY UP TO DATE HAIR DRESSING PARLOR IN THE CITY FOR COLORED LADIES. SCALP AND HAIR TREATMENT. ELECTRIC FACIAL AND SCALP MASSAGE. MANICURING, SHAMPOOING, ELECTRIC HAIR DRYING.

HAIR CULTURE A SPECIALTY. ALL WORK DONE IN SEPARATE APARTMENTS.

DAVIS & THORN,
1403 & 1405 T STREET NORTH WEST.

BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, GUNS, MECHANICAL TOOLS, LADIES' AND GENTS' WEARING APPAREL.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT.
UNREDEEMED PLEDGES FOR SALE.
361 Pennsylvania Ave. N. W.

Why pay 10 percent when you can get it for 3 percent?
H. K. FULTON'S LOAN OFFICE,
No. 314 Ninth Street N. W.
Loans made on Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Etc.
If you want to buy a good watch, diamond ring, or jewelry of any kind, look at our stock first. You can save money.



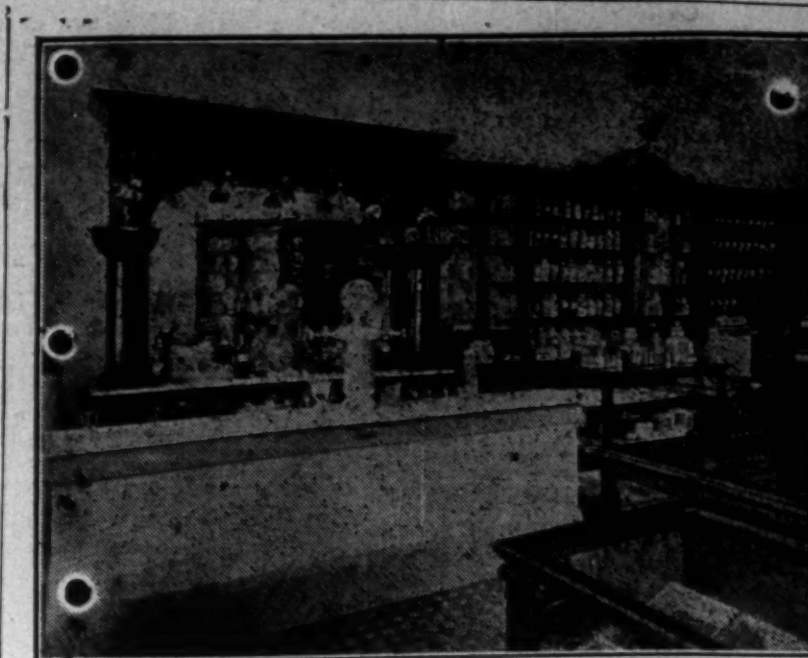
Straighten Your Hair

DEAR SIR:—I have used only one bottle of your pomade and now I would not be without it, but it makes my hair soft and straight and easy to comb and also starts a new growth.

Ford's Hair Pomade
(Formerly known as Oronized Ox Marrow)

Fifty years of success has proved its merits. The use of Ford's Hair Pomade makes stubborn, hairy, kinky or curly hair straight, soft and glossy and easy to comb, and arrange in any style desired consistent with its length. Removes and prevents dandruff, invigorates the scalp, stops the hair from falling out or breaking off and gives it new life and vigor. Absolutely harmless—used with splendid results even on the youngest children. Delicately perfumed, its use is a pleasure, as ladies of refinement everywhere declare. Ford's Hair Pomade has imitators. Don't buy anything else alleged to be "just as good." If you want the best results, buy the best Pomade—it will pay you. Look for this name

Charles Ford
on every package.
If your druggist cannot supply you with the genuine, we will send you
One bottle regular size for . . . \$.50
Three bottles 1.40
Six 2.50
One bottle, small25
We pay postage and express charges to all points in U.S.A. When ordering send Postal or Express Money Order. All orders shipped promptly on receipt of price. Address
The Oronized Ox Marrow Co.,
32 East Kinzie St., Chicago, Ill.
FORD'S HAIR POMADE is made only in Chicago by the above firm.
Agents Wanted Everywhere.



DR. MORSE'S DRUG STORE THE PALACE OF WEST END
WHY WAIT?

Never purchase inferior drugs. Always patronize a first class and up-to-date pharmacy, to have your prescriptions compounded. Use the best and purest soaps. Purchase fresh toilet articles. They can be obtained at the drug store of Dr. Morse. Everything in the drug line may be found in Dr. Morse's drug store.

Dr. J. W. Morse. 1904 L Street, Northwest.

Committee Of Twelve

Any one may obtain a copy of any of these publications now in print by writing to the Secretary of the Committee of Twelve, Hugh M. Browne, Cheyney, Pa., and enclosing for each publication desired a two-cent paper wrapper addressed to himself.

- *Out of print.
- *To the Colored Men of Voting Age in Alabama. Can the South Solve the Negro Problem? Carl Schurz.
- Why Disfranchisement is Bad. Archibald H. Grimke.
- *Voting Instructions to Maryland Voters.
- *What a Colored Man should do to Vote. Garrison Centenary Leaflet.
- Slavery and the Race Problem in the South. Hon. William H. Fleming.
- The Atlanta Riot. Ray Stannard Baker.
- The Negro in America. Andrew Carnegie.

Articles now in Press.
Address before the North Carolina Society in New York. William H. Taft.
Work of the Colored Law and Order League of Baltimore, Md. James H. N. Waring.
Study of the Negro's Progress in Jackson, Miss. D. W. Woodard.

- In Preparation.
- Negro Self-Help in Education. R. R. Wright, Jr.
- Negro Self-Help in Home Getting. Kelly Miller.
- The Convict Lease System. George W. Forbes.
- Negro Self-Help in Hospital Work. George C. Hall, M. D.

Paragraphs.
East Bessemer, Alabama. Negro Banks in Mississippi. Some Successful Negro Business Men. Business Cooperation between White and Negro Men in Helena, Arkansas.
In round numbers the circulation of the above articles has reached 100,000.

THE CRITERION CAFE

Mr. William H. Gwathney, formerly proprietor of the Eureka Cafe at 729 4th St. begs to announce that he has now opened the spacious and improved Criterion Cafe at First and G Sts. N. W. Convenient to all car lines, within five minutes walk to Union Station and one square from Gov't Printing Office. Meals quickly carefully served at all hours, very reasonable. Hot home bread daily at breakfast. Fried chicken a specialty.
Furnished rooms & board. Steam heat, no rear rooms.

Phone. Main 7094
Residence; 310 Elm Street, Northwest.

I sell and rent houses.
JABEZ LEE.
Law, Loans and Real Estate.
619 F Street, Northwest,
Washington, D. C.
With John C. Keelan.

OLD MADE NEW.
If you want your clothing cleaned, altered or repaired, you should send a card or call at the up-to-date repair establishment. All work guaranteed or money refunded.
J. C. Colvin,
Proprietor,
614 D street, northwest.

THE BEST IN TOWN
Buy your butter and eggs from the Elgin Creamery, 904 and Louisiana Avenues, northwest.

SAN ANTONIO THE MECCA
Dr. G. J. Starnes, a member of the recent International Congress on Tuberculosis, Washington, D. C., and a specialist on all lung and chest diseases, in addition to the use of Compound Oxygen, Compressed Air, and the Nebulizer, is using the best remedies introduced at that Congress, by the leading medical men of the profession.

He is located in San Antonio, Texas, the city designated by the World's Medical Congress in 1896, as one of the best for people suffering with any form of lung trouble.
Address 324 W. Commerce Street

Phone, Main 2524.
ROBERT ALLEN, BUFFET AND FAMILY LIQUOR STORE
1917 14th St. N. W.

Visit The Best

One of the leading places in the city is that of Samuel Stewart, 1141 Seventh street northwest (between L and streets), Washington, D. C. Wines, Liquors, etc.
Phone, N 4117.

THE BEST IN TOWN
Buy your butter and eggs from the Elgin Creamery, 904 and Louisiana Avenues, northwest.